Daily British Colonist.

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR. } VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1884. { VOLUME XXI NO. 118

Daily Colonist.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, EXCEPT MONDAY

BY D. W. HIGGINS.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY COLONIST—Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada).....$10
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per Week (if delivered).....25 Cents.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion 10 cents, each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES among the local items or reading matter, 10 cents per line each insertion or $1 50 per month. If inserted in column "What Some People Say," 20 cents per line each insertion or $2 per month. No Special Notice inserted for less than $2.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates per line solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—

Not more than one week—30 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Liberal Allowance on yearly contracts.

"Calling attention" to an advertisement, 20 cents or line each insertion.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST — Postage free to any part of the Dominion.....$3
Six Months.....$2
Three Months.....$1

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line, solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

SUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAILS

The Bluebird.

So far as the chickadee is concerned, I see nothing whatever to wish different; but am glad to believe that, for my day and long after, he will remain the same unassuming, careless-hearted creature that he now is. If I may be allowed the paradox, it would be too bad for him to change, even for the better. But the bluebird, who like the titmouse is hardly to be accounted a musician, does seem to be somewhat blameworthy. Once in a while, it is true, he takes a perch and sings; but for the most part he is contented with a few simple notes, having no semblance of a tune. Possibly he considers that his pure contralto voice (I do not remember ever to have heard from him any note of soprano, or even of a mezzo-soprano quality) ought by itself to be a sufficient distinction; but I think it likelier that his slight attempt at music is only one manifestation of the habitual reserve which, more than anything else perhaps, may be said to characterize him. How differently he and the robin impress us in this particular! Both take up their abode in our door-yards and orchards; the bluebird goes so far, indeed, as to accept our hospitality outright, building his nest in boxes put up for his accommodation, and making the roofs of our houses his favorite perching stations. But, while the robin is noisily and jauntily familiar, the bluebird maintains a dignified aloofness; coming and going about the premises, but keeping his thoughts to himself, and never becoming one of us save by the mere accident of local proximity. The robin, again, loves to travel in large flocks, when household duties are over for the season; but although the same has been reported of the bluebird, I have never myself seen such a thing, and am satisfied that, as a rule, this gentle spirit finds a family party of six or seven company enough. His reticence, as we cheerfully admit, is nothing to quarrel with; it is all well bred, and not in the least unkindly; in fact, we like it, on the whole, rather better than the robin's pertness and garrulity; but, none the less, its natural consequence is that the bird has small concern for musical display. When he sings, it is not to gain applause, but to express his affection; and while, in one aspect of the case, there is nothing out of the way in this,—since his affection need not be the less deep and true because it is told in few words and with unadorned phrase—yet, as I said to begin with, it is hard not to feel that the world is being defrauded, when for any reason, however amiable, the possessor of such a matchless voice has no ambition to make the most of it.—*Bradford Torrey in October Atlantic.*

That Made a Difference.

"Now," said the railroad president, as he sat down with the secretary, "I'll dictate, and you begin as follows: 'We congratulate stockholders on the improved condition of the J. & J.'"

"Why, we are in pressing need of 50 miles of new rails, seventy-five cars, and half a dozen of new locomotives!" said the secretary.

"That's all right, sir; go on with the circular! Say: 'The net earnings of the road warrant us in predicting that the next dividend will——'"

"But we can't even pay the interest on our mortgages," interrupted the secretary.

"Mr. Secretary, this is a circular!"

"Yes, sir; but why——"

"A circular to the public, sir."

"I know, but such state——"

"A circular to be sent to Europe to induce a demand for our stock!" thundered the president.

"Oh—aw—that's it, eh! Oh, well, that alters the case! We are warranted in predicting a January dividend of eight per cent. of course."—*Wall St. News.*

An English architect asserts that houses can be made of timber which will last longer than brick or stone. In many English towns houses of oak and plaster are in daily use that were built 500 years ago.

The smallest paper in the United States is published at Glendive and is called the *Star*. It is a two column weekly, and its columns are less than an inch wide.

A Russian Wedding Feast.

The banquet is ordered at some fashionable confectioner's. Nothing is wanting—silver, crystal, flowers and lustres laden with candles of the purest wax. The young married pair occupy seats about the middle of the table, their parents supporting them on both sides, the rest of the company taking seats according to the degree of the relationship or rank. If they want a grand dinner they order a "general's" dinner, which costs $30 more than an ordinary one. At this dinner, so ordered, the master of ceremonies invites a real old pensioned off general, who is received with all the reverence due to his rank and seated in the place of honor. He is the first to drink to the health of the young couple, and is always helped before anyone else. He never speaks unless it is absolutely necessary. He is only there for show and does his best in return for the $20 paid him. He never refuses a single dish of the thirty or more served on such occasions. As the last roast disappears, the champagne corks fly, the glasses are filled to the brim, the music strikes up, and huzzas resound from all parts. But here comes the bride's father, glass in hand, going up to her bowing and making a most woeful face, saying that his wine is so bitter that he cannot drink it until she has sweetened it. After a great deal of pressing she arises and gives her husband a kiss; her father still pretends that his wine is bitter, and it remains so until she has given her husband three kisses; each kiss not only sweetens his wine, but is accompanied by roars of laughter and bursts of applause. After the dinner comes the ball and the "general's walk." They lead him through all the rooms every half hour; everybody salutes him as he passes along, and he graciously replies by an inclination of his head. At last, at 3 o'clock in the morning, all the young girls and those who dressed the bride take her away to undress her and put her to rest; the men do the same by the husband. The next morning the house of the newly married couple is again filled with the crowds of the evening before. The young wife is seated in a drawing-room on a sofa with a splendid tea service before her. One after the other approaches her and salutes her. She then offers tea, coffee or chocolate, according to the taste of the visitor. She is enthroned for the first time in all splendor as the mistress of the house. The most intimate friends remain to spend the day with the young pair.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

General Shields' Sufferings.

"Would you like to see the mate to the ball which passed through the General in the Mexican war?" Mrs. Shields asked. In response to an affirmative she brought out a grape-shot, not like the more modern messengers of destruction, but a great iron ball with a deep, ragged fringe, showing rude casting. It measured full three inches in circumference. This was picked up on the battle-field by an aid of General Scott's, who presented it to General Shields only a few years ago. The shot which struck the General entered below the heart, passed through the lung and came out under the shoulder blade. A surgeon on the Mexican side, who found him, took a silk handkerchief and following the course of the wound drew it entirely through the body. So certain were the medical men he could not recover that the official report sent on to Washington included Shields among the dead. "In all the years of our married life," said Mrs. Shields, "I don't think I ever knew him to have one whole night of sleep undisturbed by that wound. He would get up out of bed and walk the floor by the hour. 'Ma,' he would often say to me, 'I know this will kill me,' and so it did. The doctors had told me to try and keep him at home and quiet as much as possible, for that wound was liable to cause his death very suddenly. He was not a man to complain, and very few people knew what he suffered—he could stand so much. After he was wounded in the Mexican war, they wanted to cut his left arm off; it had begun to mortify. He told them no. Then they said that the only thing that could possibly save him was to cut in and scrape the bone. He told them to do it, and went through the operation without taking chloroform. In the last war his right arm and shoulder were badly hurt by fragments of a shell, and he had much trouble with them. He could never lie on that side. You might think a man who had gone through such sufferings himself would get callous towards the feelings of others, but he didn't. It was not once, but many a time, I've seen him take a mouse that had fallen into a basin of water and dry the little thing carefully and let it go, he was so tender-hearted."—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

A Great Drought.

Richard A. Proctor says that the age of the earth is placed by some at 500,000,000 years, and still others of later time, among them the Duke of Argyll, place it at 10,000,000 years. None place it lower than 10,000,000, knowing what processes have been gone through. The earth must have become old. Newton surmised, although he could give no reason for it, that the earth would at one time become perfectly dry. Since then it has been found that Newton was correct. As the earth keeps cooling it will become porous, and great cavities will be formed in the interior which will take in the water. It is estimated that this process is now in progress so far that the water diminishes at the rate of the thickness of a sheet of writing paper a year. At this rate in 9,000,000 years the water will have sunk a mile, and in 15,000,000 years every trace of water will have disappeared from the face of the globe.

Near Panama a whale seventy-five feet long became entangled in the submarine cable, and in his struggles to free himself was so severely wounded by the wire that he died.

KEELY'S PUZZLE.

AN EXHIBITION THAT DELIGHTED THE STOCKHOLDERS.

A New and Important Test—More Power Generated Than the Inventor of the Mystery Could Control.

(Philadelphia Times)

John W. Keely gave another exhibition yesterday of the progress he has attained in the development and practical utilization of vibratory forces. By a series of highly interesting experiments the inventor succeeded in thoroughly mystifying the wisest among a company of exceptionally intelligent men. The exhibition was tendered as a compliment to Charles B. Collier, counsel for the Keely Motor Company. A limited number of invitations had been addressed to gentlemen of recognized scientific attainments, and every available point of observation within the narrow limits of the little shop on North Twentieth street had been appropriated by interested spectators.

Among the gentlemen who stood about watching the eccentric inventor's movements from behind huge castings and mysterious engines of the future were General Thomas T. Heath, of Cincinnati; Captian Van Reed and Lieutenant Zalenski, of the Fifth United States Artillery; Captain Machaelis, of the Ordnance Department of the United States Army; J. P. Davis, consulting engineer of the Croton Aqueduct Company and vice-president of the Bell Telephone Company; Messrs. A. S. Doad and George Doyle, of New York; John E. Wooten, of the Reading Railroad Company; Henry W. Spangler, engineer in the United States Navy and assistant professor of dynamical engineering in the University of Pennsylvania; Professor Charles M. Cresson, Dr. D. F. Woods, W. Barnett Levan and Messrs. Chas. B. Collier and George B. Collier of this city.

THE GENERATOR INSULATED.

Mr. Keely performed one experiment that was new and significant. The mysterious generator, in which the inventor claims to produce his etheric vapor by the disintegration of water, appeared from the first time perfectly insulated from all its surroundings. The bed-plate upon which it rests had been lifted bodily from the floor and placed upon a pair of iron rollers on which Mr. Keely moved the whole machine back and forth so freely as to disprove the allegations of skeptical theorists who have maintained that the curious intrument was connected with some motive power located else where. When all the soldiers, professors and doctors had poked canes under the generator and scrutinized its mechanism to their hearts' content Mr. Keely proved by blowing through it that it was perfectly empty. Then he boldly took several swallows of Schuylkill water into his mouth, to the horror of Dr. Cresson, the chemist. Grasping a rubber tube connected with the small stand pipe of the generator, Mr. Keely injected the Schuylkill water from his mouth into the machine, and Dr. Cresson appeared relieved. The inventor turned several stopcocks, made what he calls an expulsion of vapor, and announced that the generator was charged for the entire work of the afternoon.

With a turn of the wrist Mr. Keely next made an expulsion into a tube of drawn copper, which impinged upon the lower end of a 1-inch piston set in a strong cylinder. A heavily weighted lever, with a multiplication of 15 to 1, pressed upon that of the piston. There was a momentary rush like the sound of escaping steam and the lever with its ponderous weight jumped as though Hercules himself had stuck it. A little calculation made by Mr. Davis proved that the turn of the inventor's wrist had evolved and applied a dynamic or elastic force showing an energy of from 15, 000 to 20, 000 pounds to the square inch. Then Mr. Collier and Lieutenant Zalenski climbed upon the the end of the ponderous bar and added their weight to the lever's burden. Mr. Keely gave the piston another charge and the lawyer and the lieutenant were suddenly shot up among the rafters of the low ceiling.

"I am quite convinced that there is power here," said the lieutenant, as he knocked the lents out of his hat and brushed the cobwebs from his mustache and goatee.

FIRING THE GUN.

The inventor laughed, took another copper tube in his calloused fingers and connected the generator with his vibratory gun. The gun has been greatly improved since its last exhibition two week ago. Mr. Boeckel, Keely's Tentonic Sancho Panza, has transferred it into a breechloader and turned it about, right end foremost upon its carriage. It is now a very respectable, though diminutive, piece of ordnance. Captain Michaelis, the ordnance expert, adjusted his eyeglass critically and pronounced the gun an excellent model. Then he and his fellow-officers discreetly sought refuge behind the gigantic resonators of Mr. Keely's big engine and watched the firing as they lay in ambush. Seven leaden shots were driven through a pair of three-inch hemlock planks placed a foot apart, each ball drilling a clean hole and flattening out against a steel plate behind the wooden targets.

Captain Van Reed, who has endured all kinds of calumny and abuse at the hands of his fellow-officers because he invested a small fortune in Keely motor stock and persistently held it, scattered radiant smiles about him and winked at Captain Michaelis and Lieutenant Zalenski with the air of a man who feels himself vindicated. Mr. Keely next carried a third tube through the flooring into the room above, where he connected it with his smaller vibratory engine. Considerable time was lost in soldering the joints, and several of the visitors became impatient and were getting into a heated discussion about the law of differential pistons, when somebody suggested that they take a little exercise on the opposite corner. Five minutes after the party returned the engine was running smoothly.

A BURSTED TUBE.

But Mr. Boeckel had made a bad joint at one of the angles in the tubing and just as a wheel assumed a strong and steady rotary motion there was a sharp exploson and an ominous sound of escaping vapor. The wheel stopped and the engine gave a lurch and appeared to stand on end. Captain Michaelis stepped aside so suddenly that he dropped his eye glasses and Mr. Boeckel threw up his arms instinctively. Mr. Keely simply turned the stop-cock and restored confidence by remarking: "The enormous pressure has bursted the copper tube at the joint. I can't run the engine any longer to day. I see I have generated too much power and if I turned it on again it might tear the engine to pieces."

No one asked him to turn it on again and he closed the exhibition with a very pretty experiment. A hollow sphere of brass, the interior of which was fitted with vibrators, was so placed as to permit its free rotation upon an iron axis. The frame supporting the axis was insulted on all sides by glass plates. One end of the axes touched a piece of plate glass nearly an inch thick. From the other surface of the glass plate a thin steel rod extended ten feet or more across the table. Placing himself at the further end of the rod, Mr. Keely took two large tuning forks, a resounding plate and a violin bow. With these he produced a succession of sonorous waves.

MAKING SOUND WAVES.

The instant he struck the chord in harmony with the vibrators within the brass shell the vibratory waves were transmitted through the steel rod and the plate glass. The axis and the sphere upon it immediately began to rotate slowly and then more rapidly. By simply striking the resounding plate, Mr. Keely varied the rotary speed of the sphere or stopped its motion at will

"I will give any man a thousand dollars," said Mr. Keely, "who can produce a rotary motion and a motive power such as I have obtained simply by the utilization of sonorous waves acting upon a sphere completely insulated."

Captain Michaelis and others, who had read the recent articles in the Scientific American expressed their gratification and said they were convinced that these results, however obtained, were not produced by compressed air.

Sir Wilfrid Lawson on the Stump.

Sir Wilfrid Lawson addressed a meeting of non-electors at Wigton, Cumberland, last night, on the Franchise question and the action of the House of Lords. He said he hoped that the agitation which had been taking place in the country during the past two months would not evaporate simply by making the Lords pass the Franchise Bill. He had no doubt they would do that, but they must do something more. If they did not seize now the opportunity which was before them of clearing away that great obstacle to all progress, that Home of hereditary humbug—(cheers and laughter)—The Liberal party would prove themselves to be the meekest, weakest, mildest, and most miserable set of politicians that ever professed to belong to a free country. (Cheers and laughter.) Could the human intellect imagine any greater absurdity than an hereditary House of Legislature, a set of men who simply because they were born, were allowed to overthrow all the people of this country through their elected representatives wished done. The man who believed in such a system was on a level with one who believed in the divine right of kings, in the worship of Mumbo Jumbo, or in the Claimant. (Laughter and cheers.) He knew that an Englishman dearly loved a lord. It was the part of his religion. (Laughter.) If anybody believed in the Lords let him worship them. What he wanted was to emancipate the House of Lords and let them come forward at the hustings like other candidates for Parliament, and if the people wished to send them to Parliament let them go, and the House of Commons would welcome them with open arms. (Cheers.) He wanted to emancipate the Lords, and at the same emancipate the country from the blighting influence of an hereditary Legislature which had always been throwing its influence on the side of the few against the many. The time at last arrived when the few had had their day, and it was time for the many to have their day. (Cheers.) Even Lord Randolph Churchill admitted that the question of the hour was, Shall the House of Lords be abolished? Yes, the day of decision was at hand when the people of this country, rising like Samson in his strength, should cast aside for ever the bonds of privileged obstruction, and demand that henceforth and for evermore the charter of this country should be Parliament of the people, by the people, and for the people. (Loud Cheers.)—London Daily News.

Failed in an Attempt to Escape.

An Englishman arrived at the Lille station a few weeks ago, and was closely watched by two detectives, who followed him to a hotel and took rooms adjoining the one occupied by him. Early the next morning he hired a cab, and drove at a sharp pace through Lille. The detectives, who had been awake all night, followed, but could not keep up with the vehicle; but they did not mind, as they knew where their man was bound for. Every morning a large van leaves the prison containing two good-sized baskets of slippers and boots made by the prisoners. Shortly after 10 on this particular morning the two detectives with two of the secret police dressed as laborers were waiting near the Maison Centrale, when the doors opened and the van containing the baskets etc., came slowly out.

It was stopped when it had got clear of the prison; the baskets were cut open, and two English prisoners with bundles of private clothes, false whiskers, and eye glasses were found inside. They were at once taken back to the prison and placed in close confinement, and soon after the van with the baskets again came out. On reaching the end of the avenue of trees which leads to Lille, the stranger from the hotel (previously mentioned) rushed from the side of the road, stopped the vehicle, and cutting the strings of the basket, cried out: "You are saved! you are saved!" "Ah! but you are not!" cried the detectives, who had themselves secreted in the baskets, and who at once secured their prisoner; he in his turn was safely conveyed inside the jail. They are supposed to have been concerned in the great robbery of diamonds in Paris. One of the warders has been arrested; he was to have had £800 for his share in the escape; 2,000 francs were found upon the Englishman when searched.—Pall Mall Gazette.

PIANOS.

We beg to inform the public that we have largely increased our stock of Pianos, and now have the largest and most complete assortment of instruments of any house in the province, manufactured by the best makers, which we are prepared to offer at bargains.

ORGANS.

We also keep on hand a large stock of Organs which we offer on favorable terms and at extremely low prices.

M. W. WAITT & CO.
Government street.

Customs and Legal Blanks

Of every description for sale at *The Colonist* office.

FOR SALE—TO LET.

FOR SALE

BUILDING LOT, JAMES BAY—GOOD LOCATION.
CHEAP FOR CASH.
no1 t Apply at *The Colonist* Office.

TO LET.

THREE COTTAGES ON MENZIES ST., JAMES Bay, with Orchard and Well of Spring Water. Apply to W. C. S. SEELEY, no8 Australian Hotel.

TO LET

THE WAREHOUSE AND WHARF AT FOOT OF Johnson street, north of the ferry. Possession on 1st Nov., next. Apply to
oct4 1m LD. LOWENBERG.

TO LET.

FOR THREE OR SIX MONTHS, A FURNISHED House in the healthiest part of the city.
no1 Apply to LD. LOWENBERG.

TO BE LET.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE AT THE CORNER of Moss and Richardson streets. Apply to
oc3 1m LD. LOWENBERG.

FOR SALE.

A FARM IN COMOX DISTRICT CONTAINING 200 acres or thereabouts, 100 of prairie, all well fenced, and 35 acres under the plow; a house, barn and sheds complete and well watered. Tenders will be received till February 1st, 1885. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For terms and particulars apply to
oc29dw1t JOHN HETHERINGTON, Comox.

TO LET.

A FARM IN SOUTH SAANICH CONTAINING 100 acres, nearly all cleared.
Stock, etc., may be taken at valuation. For further particulars apply to
MRS. DAWSON,
oc8dw1m South Saanich.

TO LET.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A TWELVE-Room House, with nice garden and orchard, in the pleasantest part of the city, ten minutes' walk from the Postoffice. For particulars apply at this office. oct1 1m

TO PRINTERS.

HOE SINGLE CYLINDER PRESS FOR SALE

IN PERFECT ORDER—FITTED FOR HAND OR steam. May be seen at work in *The Colonist* Pressrooms. Will be sold VERY LOW.
je21tf Apply at *The Colonist* office.

FOR SALE

1440 ACRES CHOICE DELTA LANDS 3 miles from Ladner's Landing on the trunk wagon road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de23tf Ladner's Landing, B.C.

DENTISTRY.

R. B. THOMPSON,

DENTIST,

OFFICE:—Old Masonic Building, over Messrs. Wilson & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, Government Street.

☞ Nitric Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m., 5 p. m. mh26

A. C. WEST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

ALL OPERATIONS PERFORMED IN A SKILful manner. Dental Rooms—Denny's building, Government street. my31 1m

T. J. JONES, L. D. S.,

GRADUATE AND MEMBER OF ROYAL College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, Moody's Block, corner of Yates and Broad streets.

☞ All Dental Operations performed in a skilful manner.

Has been 23 years engaged in dental practice.
mh7

ARCHITECTS.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT

HAS REMOVED TO OFFICES OVER SHEARS & Page, London House, Government street.
ap9

THOS. TROUNCE

ARCHITECT, ETC.

OFFICE ON KANE STREET, ABOVE DOUGLASS

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREFULLY prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed 3m

HARRIS & HARGREAVES,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS,

OFFICE:—At corner of Government and Bastion s (Upstairs.)

Street Lines and Measurements of any Lot in the city given and guaranteed. Designs and Tracings furnished at short notice. mh26 1m

BALL'S

HEALTH-PRESERVING

CORSET.

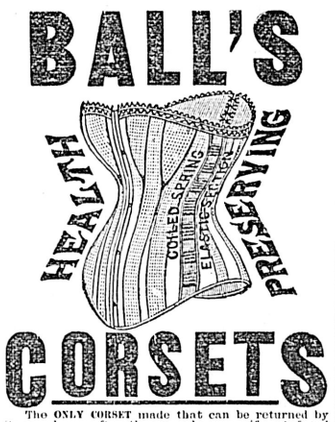
A Perfect Corset Secured at Last!

GUARANTEE:

ANY LADY PURCHASING ONE OF BALL'S CORSETS can return it after wearing it Three Weeks if NOT PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY IN EVERY RESPECT, and we will REFUND THE PRICE PAID FOR IT.

HUTCHESON, YOUNG & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.



The ONLY CORSET made that can be returned by its purchaser after three weeks wear, if not found PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY in every respect, and its price refunded by seller. Made in a variety of styles and prices. Sold by first-class dealers everywhere. Beware of worthless imitations. None genuine unless it has Ball's name on the box.

CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago, Ill.

BALL'S HEALTH-PRESERVING CORSET is a thoroughly Durable, Substantial Corset, and when quality is considered, is the CHEAPEST Corset in the market.

BALL'S H. P. NURSING CORSET needs only to be tried to be appreciated, and no other will be worn after a trial but this.

BALL'S H. P. MISSES' CORSET—It fits the Miss and expands as she breathes, and does not injure the growing girl.

PRICES:

MISSES', $1.
CIRCLE HIP H. P., $1 50.
HEALTH-PRESERVING, $1 75.
NURSING, $2.

BY MAIL 25 CENTS EXTRA.

☞ ADDRESS:

HUTCHESON, YOUNG & CO.,

THE WHITE HOUSE

oc30 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

NOTICE.

To Applicants for the Purchase of Land.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL Claims of applicants to purchase land under the provisions of the Acts repealed by the "Land Act, 1884," will cease and determine on Tuesday, the 18th of November next. And that all the provisions of the said Acts, including payment, must be complied with on or before that date.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B. C., 30th Oct., 1884. oc31

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO R. R.

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE,
VICTORIA, Sept. 22, 1884.

SCHEDULE OF WAGES

FOR WHITE LABOR ON THE ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Rock Foreman	$3 00 to $4 00	per day	
Earth Foreman	2 50	3 00	"
Bridge Foreman	3 50	4 00	"
Bridge Carpenters		3 00	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class		3 50	"
Drillers	2 00	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75	2 00	"
Hewers		3 00	"
Choppers	1 75	2 00	"

All outside labor ten hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employees find themselves bed, board and lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

Board, $4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employees to board in the company's houses.

Wages will be paid monthly on the 15th of each month.

GRAHAM & BUSK,
se23tf Contractors.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

YALE, March 1st, 1883.

NEW SCHEDULE OF WAGES FOR WHITE LABOR

— ON THE

Canadian Pacific Railway

IN BRITISH CLOUMBIA.

Overseers	$125 ₱ month	
Rock Foreman	$3 to $4 ₱ day	
Earth Foremen	$2 50 to $3	"
Bridge Foremen	$3 50 to $4	"
Bridge Carpenters (1st class)	$3 50	"
do do (2d class)	$3	"
Masons	$2 50 to $3 50	"
Stonecutters	$3 to $3 50	
Blacksmiths (1st class)	$3 50	"
do (2d class)	$3	"
Drillers	$2 to $2 25	"
Laborers	$1 75 to $2	"
Hewers	$3 50	"
Choppers	$2 to $2 50	"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employés find themselves bed, board nd lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

Board $5 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employés to board in the Company's houses

Wages will be paid monthly on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
mh7 General Manager.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

TIME TABLE.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	5.00 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at	6.00 p.m
Arrives at Portland at	8.45 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11.40 a.m.
Arrives at Walla Walla at	9.03 a.m.
Arrives at Helena, Mon., at	6.30 a.m.
Arrives at St. Paul, Minn., at	12.25 p.m.

ATLANTIC EMIGRANT TRAIN.

Leaves Portland at	8.25 a.m.

(Emigrants are carried on Express Trains between Helena and St. Paul.)

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at	4.05 p.m
Leaves Helena at	8.30 p.m
Leaves Walla Walla at	9.56 p.m
Arrives at Portland at	11.40 a.m
Arrives at New Tacoma at	10.45 p.m
Arrives at Victoria at	3.00 p.m

PACIFIC EMIGRANT TRAIN.

(Emigrants are carried on Express Trains betw St. Paul and Helena.)

Arrives at Portland at	4.15 p.m

NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with express and emigrant trains.

Emigrant passengers must present their tickets Company's ticket office, foot of Ash street, Portland Ogn., when they will secure ferry tickets on O. & R.R. transfer boat to East Portland. First and second class passengers will leave on regular transboat which leaves Ash street wharf at 11:40 a.m. dai The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.

☞ This is the only line from Puget Sound to Eastern points in the United States and Canada.

Call upon or write to

ROBT. IRVING, AGENT,
OFFICE—C. P. N. Co.'s Building, Wharf St.
C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.

A. L. STOKES,
Gen. Frght. and Pass. Agt.

General Offices, corner Front and D. streets, Portland, Oregon. ja16 1y

MONEY TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGE AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

ALLSOP & MASON,
mh 1 Government street.

HAVING LATELY RECEIVED A NEW

SET OF VETERINARY INSTRUM'TS

I am now prepared to carry on my business of

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Doing first-class work. Anyone desiring my services will find my office in Duck's new building, Johnson street. (oc1 JOHN MORLEY.

WELLINGTON COAL.

W. T. DRAKE,

COAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

OFFICE—FOOT OF YATES STREET.

N.B.—Freecand Bonded Storage. Telephone 23.

CITY OF VICTORIA

MUNICIPAL

REAL ESTATE TAX

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL REAL ESTATE TAX REMAINING UNPAID ON AND AFTER THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1884, WILL BEAR AND BE CHARGEABLE WITH INTEREST AT THE RATE OF ONE PER CENT. PER MONTH UNTIL PAID.

BY ORDER OF THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL.

THOS. RUSSELL,
Assessor and Collector.
Victoria, B. C., 31st Oct., 1884. no1

JAMES BAY.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE LOTS FOR SALE ON very easy terms of payment. The lots are clear and dry; the soil good.
oc23 1m ALLSOP & MASON.

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 12TH, 1884.

L. P. FISHER, Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, is authorised to receive advertisements for the columns of this paper.

$20 REWARD

WILL BE PAID FOR THE ARREST AND conviction of any person who may steal *The Colonist* from the door of a subscriber.

CITY SEWERAGE.

Our slightly esteemed morning contemporary dismisses our proposition to ask the legislature to allow the city to borrow $800,000 for sewerage purposes with the remark that *The Colonist* has "gone stark mad" over the question. Our contemporary may deem this mode of treating a momentous matter, at a time when there are in our midst many cases of illness arising from imperfect sewerage, as exceedingly witty. No doubt he was amused with his humorous allusion (the fool is said to make merry over his own folly); but the good sense of the community will scarcely say that the present is a time for the perpetration of silly jokes on a subject that so nearly affects the health and lives of this young city. We have said that the city should ask the legislature for authority to borrow $800,000 for drainage purposes. But we have not arbitrarily said that the work of purification would cost that sum. If the town can be made sweet, clean and wholesome for $300,000 it would not be necessary to go to the extreme limit of the borrowing powers of the city to effect the object. But if it should be found to cost $800,000 who, save the editor of the Standard—whose hat covers his family—would be found to begrudge it? When physicians report a large number of cases of illness resulting from bad drainage, and when in one day three funerals have taken place because of poisonous vapors from open drains and impure back premises, is not the time to palter about the expenditure of a few hundred thousand dollars for sewerage purposes. To show the impossibility of raising a sufficient sum for drainage purposes our contemporary produces figures from the city assessment roll and says that the revenue would not stand the strain of a heavy loan. But he conveniently forgets that the present assessment roll was drawn about the time the DeCosmes-Walkem government were in power. Everyone will remember to what a low ebb values fell under that wretched administration; how property was unsaleable, and men refused to paint their houses or whitewash their fences, to say nothing of building even a woodshed. Well, times have happily changed since that era. Realestate has quadrupled in value since the passage of the Settlement Bill. Stately buildings now occupy the late sites of poor shanties and the population has nearly doubled in two years and a-half. All things have changed for the better save and except the city assessment roll. That remains where it stood thirteen years ago. Property-holders still continue to pay taxes on that poverty stricken basis. Is this just? is it fair that people who have left the well regulated and perfectly drained cities of the east and came here with their families to reside shall be met with the information that although the population has more than doubled and the value of realty has quadrupled the civic revenue remains the same as thirteen years ago, and that in consequence there are no funds to drain and sweeten the city? Is it not a fact that many back premises in the heart of the town are in a condition of foulness that threatens the lives and health of occupants? And is it not another fact that from the establishment of our contemporary, who so hotly opposes drainage because his taxes will be increased, within a very brief space of time two men have been carried out dead—poisoned by the exhalations of a water-closet? What must be the moral bent of a man who, in the presence of the Grim Messenger, can perpetrate a stupid joke on the subject of sewerage? Will the helpless families of the dead men appreciate the witticism? The great want of Victoria is a system of drainage. Before that want every other must take a back seat for the present. If the want can be supplied for $300,000 or $500,000, so much the better. But if it should take the entire sum of $800,000, the sum would be cheap when weighed in the scale against public health and human life. No one expected large owners of filthy Chinese tenements to submit to additional taxation without a murmur. The filthier their premises the better the Chinese are pleased; but we scarcely looked for one of the class to resist the introduction of a general system of drainage through the columns of a newspaper.

VICTORIA'S PROGRESS.

To all old residents the present prosperity of Victoria must be a subject of pride and thankfulness. There are many who have watched its growth from the time when it was an obscure trading post, far removed from the centres of civilization. When the gold excitement broke out there was a short period of feverish prosperity, but it was not the result of healthy growth, and the town suffered a severe relapse from which it took years to recover. For two years' past, however, there has been a gradual but constant improvement. The change was first manifested by a few cautious improvements; people were afraid of startling the community by attempting too much. But one encouraged another, and soon the result was apparent; the place had awakened from its half sleepy condition, and all were imbued with the desire to advance and improve. It was at this opportune moment that the Northern Pacific railway was brought to our door, affording a means of ingress and egress so much needed. The beneficial results of our direct communication with the east by rail have been apparent from the commencement. As a cool breeze entering a heated room refreshes its occupants, so the new current from the east has invigorated British Columbia, and especially Victoria. New people with fresh ideas, fresh energies and capital, and new goods have completely revolutionized Victoria, so much so that a few old-fashioned people complain that they do not feel at home now. They do not know half those they meet on the streets, and in busy sections they are constantly being jostled in the crowd. Well, we are sorry for those who look with an unfavorable eye on all innovations because they disturb the comfortable, jog-trot life of former years; for our part, we hail with delight every sign of progress and improvement, and every emancipation from old-time prejudice; and we welcome every new-comer, be he English, Canadian, American, or other nationality, if he is an honest man, and one who will advance the interests of the country in any way whatever. We do not mean to insinuate that it is to strangers alone we can look for its development, for our older citizens are giving ample evidence that they are not lacking in enterprise, now that avenues are opened in which it can be exercised. The number of solid improvements that have been made during the past two years are a credit to this once stationary city. Steamers which once had to find their way to the crowded docks along the city front can now draw up beside the commodious outer wharf. Several new warehouses and wholesale buildings have been erected, while Government street, owing to the number of improvements that have been made, has assumed an entirely changed appearance. In other parts of the city the new buildings are too numerous to mention. The Union Club will be an ornament to Douglas street, and the projected theatre, soon to be begun, will be the handsomest building in the city. Several really magnificent mansions have been erected by wealthy citizens, and others more or less handsome and substantial have been and are being built in all sections of the city. These are tangible proofs of Victoria's progress. They are signs that business has greatly increased and that our population is increasing also. The future is bright. The coming spring is to see many new enterprises launched. Rumors are afloat of several building projects, and at no distant day we may expect to see Government street as far as the bridge lined with handsome business structures. The advent of the first through train on the Canadian Pacific will find us a flourishing city ready to grow and thrive under the stimulus of increased communication with the world. In situation and climate we are eminently blessed, and everything bids fair for Victoria becoming "the greatest city in the Dominion," to borrow the forecast of an eminent Ottawa official.

PUBLIC MORALS.

We believe that the Times has misreported the provincial secretary's remarks at Monday's meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association. We know of no condition of things such as is therein represented. It is not true that a lady cannot venture on the streets alone without being subjected to insult. Scores of ladies shop till long after dark every evening, or wend their way through the suburbs unattended, and who can mention a single instance of an insult being offered? Nor is it true that there "never was a city where there are so many brazen-faced people as on the streets of Victoria." There are, it is true, bad houses; there are too many drinking saloons; there are a large number of opium dens, patronized almost exclusively by Chinese; and there are gambling dens. But is there a place in this wide, sinful world where vice does not jostle virtue? And there is no place in this province where the same vices are not practiced to a greater or less extent? And how long ago is it that the mayor of New Westminster resigned because the city council would not sustain him in an effort to suppress a bad house? Victoria is no better and no worse than seaport towns everywhere. As evidence that the vast majority of her people are virtuously inclined, we point to the large number of churches in our midst and the numerously attended meeting of Monday night. The recent articles in the Times were overdrawn. They denounced vices that are the exception, not the rule, and they stated things that are absolutely untrue. These were the articles the provincial secretary referred to on Monday night, when he stated that he did not think matters were as black as they were painted. We must again express the belief that the Times has misreported the speech and endeavored to make it, like its own articles, prurient and sensational. Everyone knows that there is much room for reformation in Victoria, and that is the reason the formation of a Young Men's Christian Association has been so generously hailed; but to hold the whole community up as the patrons of vice is to libel it.

THE ANTILLES AND CANADA.

The Proposed Annexation—Wealth of the West Indies.

The journey to England lately undertaken by Sir John Macdonald, the Canadian Premier, is thought to have for its chief object energetic action with a view to the speedy annexation of the British West India Islands to the Dominion, and Lord Derby, Secretary for the Colonies, is said to have withdrawn his opposition to the scheme, and to have expressed a willingness to consent to the measure. The acquisition of the islands would add materially to the population and resources of the Dominion. In 1881 the Canadian Provinces contained 4,350,000 inhabitants, whilst the British West Indies, including the Bahamas and Bermudas, had about 1,250,000. In 1878 Jamaica alone had 558,000 souls, and three years afterwards Barbadoes was credited with 171,000, and Trinidad with more than 150,000; altogether, the fresh accession of population would be about equivalent to that of the Province of Quebec.

Of the present productions of the principal islands no statistics are accessible to us. but they can be inferred from figures covering the years 1865 to 1879. During this period the average annual valuation of imports into Jamaica was $6,735,000, against $6,790,000 of exports. Barbadoes imported goods to the value of $5,115,000, and its exports were appraised at $6,295,000. The exports of Trinidad, the most productive and self-sustaining of all the islands, were valued at $11,325,000 and its imports at $11,115,000. The islands of St. Lucia, Antigua Granada also exported goods to the value of $3,135,000, while the smaller islands added considerably to the total volume of trade. This amounted for all to $31,300,000 of exports, against a trifle less than $29,000,000 of imports, and while the revenue amounted to $6,850,000, the outlay was only $6,620,000; while during only a part of the period the expenditure of the Dominion itself exceded its income by nearly $8,000,000.

Should the proposed annexation take place the Canadian tariff, which taxes imports from Great Britain for the benefit of the colonial revenue, would, of course, be extended to the new territory, and the consequent income would more than offset the cost of protecting the islands against internal disorders, now borne by the British Government. Representatives from the Antilles would take their seats in the Parliament of Ottawa, and an effort would, doubtless, be soon made to revise the tariff with this country, with a view to obtaining free markets here for sugar, tobacco and other West Indian products.—Rural New Yorker.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH

EXCLUSIVE DISPATCHES TO THE COLONIST.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—At the lord mayor's banquet at Guildhall, to-night, Lord Northbrook, late high commissioner to Egypt, Marquis of Hartington, secretary of state, and Sir John A. Macdonald, premier of Canada, were present. In replying to a toast to the cabinet, Granville, secretary of state for foreign affairs, stated that although both France and China, at different times, were willing to accept mediation through England, they had not been simultaneous in their prepositions. He expressed the hope that in the event of a failure of England's mediation between these countries, they would find some neutral power to intervene. In referring to the forthcoming congress at Berlin, Granville said England entertained no jealousy of Germany's scheme of colonizing that country, especially if accompanied by freedom of navigation and commerce. In relation to matters before parliament, Granville stated that it was simply impossible for the government to produce a redistribution of bills for the consideration of the commons until they knew what the conservatives desired.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—In the commons to-day the Parnellites voted with the conservatives respecting Stanley's amendment to the franchise bill, providing that the bill shall not go into operation until the scheme of redistribution shall have been adopted. The question upon the third reading of the franchise bill will be taken up on Tuesday, and the bill will probably go to the house of lords on Thursday.

SECOND DISPATCH.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Eighty-three deaths from cholera in Paris yesterday, including those which occurred in the hospitals. One hundred and nineteen cases were admitted to the hospital yesterday. Total number of new cases and under treatment in the hospitals, 190. Between midnight and noon to-day there were 34 fresh cases and 13 deaths outside of hospitals. The epidemic is still confined to the unhealthy quarter of the city.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Up to noon to-day there were 36 deaths from cholera, including those in the hospitals.

Victor Guychard, senior member of the chamber of deputies, died to-day, while conversing with his colleagues at the Palais Bourbon. He was aged thirty-one.

CHINA.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 11.—Two Chinese ironclad cruisers are preparing to leave here, for the purpose of attempting to force the French blockade of the Island of Formosa. The Chinese have bought nearly the whole stock of English coal at Shanghai.

HOLLAND.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 11.—The Dutch Colonial Banks are in difficulty. Owing to the great depression in trade shares in the Dutch Indian and Colonial Banks have fallen from 10 to 16 per cent. Efforts are now being made to prevent a financial crisis, through closing the sugar factories, which are connected with the Dutch Indian Bank.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—In the commons to-day the franchise bill passed the third reading without division. During the debate Goschen expressed regret that the conservatives have been influenced by the conservative success at Warwickshire to persist in their opposition to the franchise bill. As long as the conservatives continue their attitude in regard to Gladstone's proposal the government would be unable to introduce the redistribution bill. Gladstone reminded the opposition that Sir Robert Peel's refusal to compromise on the reform question resulted in the humiliation of the lords. If they were not destined to have peace the government, at any rate, would leave on record they desired peace. (Liberal cheers.) Sir Richard Cross, conservative, replying in behalf of the opposition said, the government must proceed on their own responsibility.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The annual wool sales were resumed to-day. There was a good attendance, but sales were not active.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Nov. 11.—Patrick N. Fitzgerald, a fenian suspect, arrested in London last night on a charge of treason-felony, was acquitted. Owing to his acquittal the Crown has abandoned Tubbercurry cases, and all the prisoners were released. They were received by their friends with great rejoicing.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—The Reichstag will convene November 20th.

PERU.

LIMA, via Galveston, Nov. 11.—Bennett, cashier of the Banco d'Itala, who absconded with $50,000, was arrested at Guayaquil and is now aboard a Chilian warship. It is said his brain is affected.

CHILI.

SANTIAGO DE CHILI, Nov. 10.—News from the south indicates that there is great progress in the construction of new railways. More than 2,000 men are employed.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Nov. 11.—Another attack was made by the rebels on Suakim last night, which was promptly repulsed, and the Egyptian cavalry is now in pursuit of the flying enemy.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 11.—The senate to-day elected Baron Donethan president. The baron urged upon senators the necessity of enforcing respect for the ruling constitutional monarchy and existing institutions of the country.

AFGHANISTAN.

CABUL, Nov. 11.—The inhabitants of Karabagh have revolted, killed the governor and pillaged the village. Many Armenians fled for refuge into Russian territory.

THIRD DISPATCH.

SCOTLAND.

GLASGOW, Nov. 11.—Michael Davitt, in an address at Coalbridge, to-day, predicted that there would be greater danger to England when the passage of the franchise bill having augmented the Irish party in parliament, the government refused to allow home rule for Ireland. He also denies the statement that he had urged the crofters to armed resistance; but he said they have right upon their side, and will ultimately succeed.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—It is reported that the Irish organization in every land has sent a large sum of money to aid the cause of the crofters.

EASTERN STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—(midnight)—Up to this hour the result of the ballot for presidential electors has been declared in 33 of 60 counties in this state. Last previous reports of county clerks showed the democratic plurality to be 1,280. To-day's canvass shows a net loss to Blaine of 4,006. The remaining 27 counties, with two exceptions, have reported progress, and will for the most part give the result of this canvass to-morrow. Several counties which do not to-day complete their official canvass, reported that there was no reason to believe that when completed the figures would show any change from those already given.

General John Knapp, (republican), from Auburn, said he believed the official canvass would make no material change in the published returns. "If there is any hitch," said he, "it will be in New York and Kings county. Up in the country the people knew 24 hours after the closing of the polls what the result was. I think it is a sure thing." The official canvass of Kings county showed Cleveland to have 14,229 majority.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The air to-night is cooler, with a sharp frosty breeze. The majority of English and American visitors are leaving the city. French government officials are sending their families into the country.

A doctor swallowed pills made from the vomit of a deceased person, which produced no deletrious effect upon the physician, thus showing that the vomit of cholera patients is not infectious.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—It is supposed that the cholera was introduced into Paris by an inmate of the Breitung asylum who returned thither recently from a holiday excursion. Fifty-four deaths occurred at the asylum. The mortality has been greater among males than females. The asylum has 250 inmates. The surrounding district is healthy. The nuns fearlessly attend patients in the asylum. The chapel has been converted into a cholera ward, and the troops are removing to barracks outside of the town.

CHINA.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Foo Chow correspondent of the Times state that the situation there is unchanged. The stoppage of business by hostilities is causing widespread distress among the lower classes of Chinese. The tea season is finished and, consequently, the loss to Europeans is less than to the natives. The Chinese government is demanding more money, and the people are unwilling to contribute. There are frequent disputes between the soldiers and people. The south channel entrance is blocked, and ships are obliged to pass Kai Poi port, which is completely fortified. The Chinese have imported large numbers of torpedoes through Hongkong, and are preparing to sink them in the river.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Standard's Berlin correspondent says China will not consent to even temporary occupation of Formosa.

Jewelry Manufactory.

Having engaged additional competent assistance, we can furnish our customers at short notice with all kinds of work in the jewelry line of the most fashionable design and style. Diamonds sets, and Masonic jewelry a specialty. First-class ornamental engraving, chasing and designing. Orders are solicited. G. W. LANGE & SON. *dw

J. BACNALL & CO., VICTORIA, B. C., THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE MUSIC HOUSE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE PROVINCE. A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE MUSIC BUSINESS. s15 1y

CHRISTMAS CARDS, Writing Desks, Stationery Cases, Plush and Leather Work Boxes, Brackets, Inkstands and a large variety of Holiday Goods just received by M. W. WAITT & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. VIPOND,

LOCKSMITH AND MACHINIST,

HAS REMOVED TO MOODY'S BUILDING, Broad street, and is prepared to do all kinds of REPAIRS AT SHORT NOTICE. no12 1m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

WHOLE AND SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE received up to THURSDAY, November 20th, at 12 m., for the completion of two two-story residences on Birdcage Walk, James Bay.

We reserve the right to reject any and all tenders.

S. C. BURRIS, Architect, Cor. Yates and Broad Sts. (Upstairs) no12

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

EMPTY PACKING BOXES, CHEAP.

CHARLES GABRIEL & CO., no12tf Next to Redfern's.

B. C. PIONEER SOC'TY

Annual Dinner

AT THE

PACIFIC TELEGRAPH HOTEL.

ON

Saturday Even'g, December 6th

AT 7:30 O'CLOCK.

TICKETS $2 50, which can be obtained from members of the Society.

By order. W. C. SIFFKEN, Secty. no12

PHILHARMONIC HALL.

GEO. WERNER - - - LOCAL MANAGER

Wednesday Even'g, Nov. 12

ONLY APPEARANCE OF THE

WORLD-RENOWNED PIANIST

RAFAEL

JOSEFFY

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR. No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

Seats can be reserved at Waitt's Book Store, commencing on Saturday, Nov. 6th, 1884. no6

STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS used at all the Joseffy Concerts

MARYFIELD COTTAGE.

A DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

oc11 3m MRS. DONALD FRASER, Principal.

TENDERS.

VICTORIA THEATRE COMP'Y

(LIMITED.)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS ARE INVITED UNTIL THE 10TH OF December next, for the erection and completion of a brick Theatre and Stores for the above Company, on the ground adjoining the Driard House.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned, in *The Colonist* Building, on and after Monday, 17th inst.

By order. JOHN J. AUSTIN, Secretary.

Victoria, B.C., 10th Nov., 1884. no11

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILW'Y

TENDERS FOR NINE WATER TANKS

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Water Tanks," will be received until NOON

On Friday, 14th Nov., 1884,

From persons wishing to furnish and erect Nine Water Tanks along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway,

BETWEEN EMORY'S BAR AND SAVONA'S FERRY, IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Plans and Specifications may be seen and Forms of Tender obtained at the office of the undersigned in Victoria, Vancouver Island, and also at the office of the Engineer-in-Charge at Drynoch, near Spence's Bridge, on and after the 28th instant

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender.

This deposit may consist of cash or an accepted bank cheque, and it will be forfeited if the party tendering neglects or refuses to enter into a contract when called upon to do so; or if after entering into the contract he fails to complete the work satisfactorily according to the plans and specifications.

If the tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

The department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOSEPH W. TRUTCH, Dominion Gov't Agent.

Office of the Dom. Gov't Agent, Victoria, B.C., 23rd Oct., 1884. oc24

CANADIAN

PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR STATION BUILDINGS

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Combined Passenger and Freight Buildings," will be received until Noon on

The 19th November, 1884,

From persons wishing to Furnish and Erect

Three Combined Passenger and Freight Buildings

Along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia,

BETWEEN EMORY BAR AND SAVONA FERRY,

At North Bend, at Chinaman's Ranch, opposite 93-Mile Post, on Waggon Road, and at Pennie's Ranch.

Plans and Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the undersigned in Victoria, Vancouver Island, and also at the office of the Engineer in charge at Drynoch, near Spence Bridge, on and after Saturday, 8th November instant.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender. This deposit may consist of cash, or of an accepted bank cheque, and it will be forfeited if the party tendering neglects or refuses to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if after entering into the contract he fails to complete the work satisfactorily according to the plan and specification.

If the tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOSEPH W. TRUTCH, Dom. Government Agent.

Office Dom. Govt. Agent, Victoria, B.C., 3rd Nov., 1884. no5

"AT LAST."

OUR PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO

IS COMPLETE AND WILL BE

OPEN FOR BUSINESS MONDAY, NOV. 9.

We hope by turning out none but thoroughly first-class work to merit a share of the patronage of the citizens of Victoria and vicinity.

References:—Our Work, which is now on view, or any person from Winnipeg.

HALL & LOWE, Government St., over Victoria House, and 499 Main St., Winnipeg. no8

M. & H. A. FOX

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE ASSORTMENT of Pen, Pocket and Table

CUTLERY, RAZORS, SCISSORS, ELECTRO PLATEDWARE, ETC.,

OF THE BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE.

Government St., adjoining *The Colonist* Building. no2 1m

ESTATE OF WILLIAM REID, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of the above deceased, or who have any of his effects, that they are required to make payment or delivery of the same, as the case may be, to the undersigned administrator of the estate, or his solicitors, to whom also all claims against the estate are to be forwarded.

Dated Nov. 1st, 1884. JOHN IRVINE, Administrator.

Or DAVIE & WILSON, Solicitors. no2 1m

BAZAAR!

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR IN AID OF THE

ORPHANS OF ST. ANN'S CONVENT

Will be held in the Pavilion

On the 12th and 13th Nov.

ADMISSION 25 cents: Children, half-price. Donations may be sent to St. Ann's Convent.

Victoria, Oct. 28th, 1884. oc30

PHILHARMONIC CIRCULATING LIBRARY AND READING ROOM,

FORT STREET.

700 NEW VOLUMES JUST RECEIVED, MAKing a total of upwards of 5,000 volumes.

TERMS, $1 PER MONTH OR $5 FOR 6 MOS oc23 1m

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. ASH

HAVING RETURNED FROM ENGLAND HAS resumed the practise of his profession. oc29

CAME TO PREMISES,

A BAY FILLEY, TWO YEARS OLD—

If not claimed within one month from date will be sold to defray expenses.

G. R. T. BAKER.

North Saanich, Nov. 4th, 1884. no5w1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAPANESE BAZAR

OUR MR. CHARLES GABRIEL HAS JUST RETURNED FROM JAPAN, and will shortly open a choice selection of useful articles of Household Goods collected especially for this market.

THE LACQUERED WARE DEPARTMENT

Will consist of Lacquered Cabinets, Work Boxes, Toilet Boxes, Trays, Bowls, Card Boxes, Glove Boxes Pen Racks, Photo. Frames, Shelves, Corner Brackets, Albums, Writing Desks, Bread Baskets, Handkerchie Boxes, Knife Trays, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Watch Boxes, Round Tables, Card Tables, Pencil Holders, etc

An assortment of TORTOISE SHELL WORK consisting of Trays, Glove Boxes, Handkf Boxes, Paper Knives, Napkin Rings, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Envelope Boxes, Puff Boxes, Cigar Spills, etc.

CROCKERY AND PORCELAIN DEPARTMENT.

Will consist of Vases of all sizes, Tea Jars, Bowls, Plates, Bowls and Stands, Tea Sets for 3 and 6 persons, Teapots, etc.

AWATA WARES consist of Vases of all sizes, Tea Sets for any number of persons, Teapots, Water Jugs, Pails, Garden Vases of all sizes, Candlesticks, Flowerpots, Tea Jars, Butter Dishes, Salt Cellars, Tea and Coffee Cups and Saucers, Plates, etc., etc.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

Will consist of Ladies' and Gents' Plain and Embroidered Silk Dressing Gowns, Gents' Plain and Emb. Silk Jackets, Ladies' and Gent's Init n Silk Dressing Gowns, Emb'd Opera Cloaks, Emb'd Lining Silk, Striped Silk, Corded Silk, Ladies' Crape Shawls, Gent's and Ladies' Silk Handkts, Ladies' Crape Neck Handkerchiefs Crape Scarves, Gent's Plain and Embroidered Caps, Gent's Silk Neckties, Gent's Silk Cigar and Card Cases, Ladies' Silk Glove and Hdkf Cases, Crape Photo Frames, Silk Powder Boxes, Embroidery Silk (asst. colors), White Silk, Silk Cord and Tassels, Embroidered Silk Bed Quilts, Silk Emb'd Tea Cosies, Emb'd Sofa Cushions Emb'd Pin Cushions, Ladies' Silk Emb'd Sewing Bags, Silk Kakimonos, Silk Umbrellas, Silk Lanterns, Satin Emb'd Sofa Cushions.

JEWELERY.

Gold Sleeve Buttons, Gold Sets of Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Gold Scarf Pins, Gold Lockets, Gold Scarf Rings, Gold Earrings, Gold Crosses, Gold and Silver Bracelets, Ivory Charms, Ivory Sleeve Buttons, Ivory Paper Knives, Watch Chains, Gold Rings and Brooches.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ladies' Work Baskets, Luncheon Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Scrap Baskets, Bamboo Plate Mats, Sword Blue and White Undershirts, Morocco Leather Pocket Books, an assortment of Fans in all sizes, Paper Screen Gold Embroidered Screens, Satin Embroidered Screens, Wall Paper of every description, Note Paper, Toothpicks, Tooth Powder, Imitation Leather Cigarette Cases, Imt. Leather Pocket Books, Paper Lanterns, Gent's Walking Sticks, Bamboo Canes, Carriage Whips, Palm Broom Sink Brushes, Leather Dusters, Willow Baskets, Masks, Cast Iron Pans, Bronze Vases and Ornaments Cotton Rugs and Drugetts, Feathered Birds, Earthen Foxes and Figures, Copper Tea Kettles, Compass for Watch, Cotton and Gingham Dressing Gown for Gents and Ladies, an assortment of Photos and Views, Bamboo Stove Screens, Best Japan Green Tea, &c.

oc19 CHARLES GABRIEL & CO.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS

AT THE

QUEEN BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE EAST A FINE AND large assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description, and are selling them at prices never before known in British Columbia.

WE ALSO OFFER OUR OWN MAKE OF BOOTS & SHOES AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

Rubber Goods---Gents' and Boys' Gum Boots a Specialty.

QUEEN BOOT & SHOE HOUSE, oc28 3m N.W. Cor. of Yates and Government Sts.

ST. MATTHEW'S HALL,

SAN MATEO, CAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1866.

Situated on the Line of the Southern Pacific R.R., 21 miles from San Francisco.

A CHURCH SCHOOL FOR BOYS, UNDER MILITARY DISCIPLINE.

Extensive Buildings heated by steam, with all modern improvements, Bath Rooms, Steam Laundry, etc. The Grounds are highly cultivated, with beautiful Lawns, Flower Beds and Walks.

A corps of FOURTEEN INSTRUCTORS of reputation and ability.

REFERENCE in Victoria, by permission: EDGAR MARVIN and E. G. TILTON; also JNO. R. ONDERDONK, Spence Bridge, B. C.

Apply to ALFRED LEE BREWER, se23tf Rector and Principal.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

CARRYING H. M. MAILS AND W. F. & CO.'S EXPRESS AND NORTHERN PACIFIC EXPRESS.

THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP Co.'s steamer

MEXICO,

CAPT. HUNTINGTON,

Will sail from the VICTORIA WHARF, outer harbor, for San Francisco, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH, AT NOON.

Intending shippers are requested to make arrangements for freight as early as possible so that room may be reserved for their shipments.

Freight for shipment by her is requested to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, 15th Nov.

For Freight and Passage apply to

no11 WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR NAAS, SKEENA RIVER, AND ALL WAY PORTS.

THE FINE NEW SCREW STEAMER

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ,

Having superior accommodation for Passengers, will leave SPRATT'S wharf for the above ports

ON WEDNESDAY, NOV. 12TH, AT 5 P. M.

For particulars apply to

H. SAUNDERS, no9 Johnson street.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

THE STAUNCH IRON SCREW STEAMER

"SARDONYX,"

CLASS A1 AT LLOYDS,

Will leave for the above port direct from Spratt's wharf

ON SATURDAY, 22ND INSTANT.

For rates of Freight and Passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Or to HENRY SAUNDERS, no7 Johnson street.

ALASKA STEAMER.

NOTICE IS GIVEN THAT THE SAILING DATE of the P. C. S. S. Co.'s steamer for Alaska during the winter months will be the 25th of each month

WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

Victoria, B.C., 21st Oct., 1884. oc21

HIDES AND CALFSKINS.

Highest Market Rates Paid for the Above.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. PROMPT RETURNS RENDERED.

W. HEATHORN,

VICTORIA BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY AND ROCKBAY TANNERY. oc24

DR. JOHN S. M'GUIRE, M.D.,

RESIDENT

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

CLINTON, B. C.

HIS GREAT REMEDY FOR

Consumption in its First and Second Stages.

DR. McGUIRE WILL AGREE TO CURE CONsumption in its first or second stages, under his advice and treatment. No fee required if a perfect cure is not obtained. Dr. McGuire treats all diseases of the lungs without Cod Liver Oil, Fellows Syrup of Hypophosphites or any other medicines advertised for Lung Disease.

The Doctor has made this disease his specialty for the last fifteen years. Thorough examination and advice, $15. Those who cannot visit Dr. McGuire at Clinton, B.C., should send a full and minute statement of their trouble with $25, and in return a full course of medicine will be forwarded. There are good, comfortable hotels at Clinton for patients coming, the climate is the finest in the world, and the Doctor recommends those suffering from Diseases of the Lungs to come to Clinton for a short time.

se7dw1y

WANTED.

WANTED

BY A MAN OF EXCEPTIONAL EXPERIENCE in constructing and running the most modern Sawmill Machinery, a position as Foreman or Millwright. Reference as to experience and ability from the leading lumber men of the Dominion. Address "MILLWRIGHT," this office oc31 6t

WANTED

TWO FIRST-CLASS WAITERS AT THE ORIental Hotel.

oc29tf WM. McKEON, Proprietor.

WANTED

A GOOD, RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GENERAL servant, one willing to do the family washing. Wages, $25 per month. Apply to

MRS. LOAT, oc26 2w Departure Bay, near Nanaimo.

WANTED

A WOMAN TO COOK, WASH AND IRON—None but thoroughly competent persons need apply. Address "H.," this office. oc24

FOR SAVONA

PORT VAN HORNE,

AND KAMLOOPS!

AVOID LOSS OF TIME, TROUBLE, AND SAVE Expense by

Purchasing Through Tickets

From Victoria to these and Way Points.

REDUCTION

On Regular Rates is made by the C. P. N. Co., the C. P. Railway and the

B. C. EXPRESS COMP'Y

To purchasers of Through Coupon Tickets, which can be purchased at the office of the

B. C. EXPRESS CO., se7 YATES STREET

ESTABLISHED 1864.

RELIABLE

SEEDS!

FOR 1885.

OUR SEED CATALOGUE FOR BRITISH COLumbia friends and customers now ready for mailing,

FREE TO ALL WHO APPLY.

Everything for the Farm and Garden. NO BETTER SEEDS can be bought.

Send name and address for copy. Address:

PEARCE, WELD & CO., no7dw2t LONDON, ONT., CANADA

ESTATE OF JOHN LARKIN, DECEASED.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the estate are to present the same to the undersigned, and debtors to the estate are required to make payments to

DAVIE & WILSON, Solicitors for the Executrix.

Victoria, Oct. 29th, 1884. oc31

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of GEORGE PLATZ, Deceased.

ANY PERSON HAVING A CLAIM AGAINST the estate of the said deceased is required to forward the same, on or before the 1st day of December next; and all persons who are indebted to the said estate are required to pay the amounts due forthwith to

GEO. STEITZ, Yates street, Victoria.

Dated Victoria, 25th Oct., 1884. oc26

BUTTER! BUTTER!

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE A SMALL lot of Extra Choice Eastern Township Butter in Small Tubs. Also, CREAM CHEESE.

oc30dw1m J. H. TODD & SON.

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 12TH, 1884.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED

Nov. 11—Str North Pacific, Pt Townsend
Str Princess Louise, New Westminster
Str Eliza Anderson, Pt Townsend
Str Enterprise, Nanaimo
Sch Eliza, New Westminster

CLEARED.

Nov. 11—Sch Eliza, New Westminster
Str Enterprise, Nanaimo
Str North Pacific, Port Townsend.
Str Eliza Anderson, Port Townsend.
Str Princess Louise, New Westminster.

PASSENGERS.

Per str NORTH PACIFIC, from Puget Sound—J Todd, J Doolittle, W M Pecke, E Long, Sister Hannah, R Humphrey, R S Wires, N G Kittle, Miss Kittle, W R Hall.

Per str ENTERPRISE, from Nanaimo—Nicholson, Ashby, H Croft, Capt Anderson, Capt Morrison, A N Richards, Miller, Williams, J Gray, D Gray and wf, Miss Dawson, Mis McKay, Mrs Marcott and chdn, Mr and Mrs Graham, Towner, Thomson, Awl, Knowlton, Jarvis, J Johnson, McGuire, Lafarty, Beck, Robson, Jacoby, Norris, Clements, Dalton, Rathbourne, Coulter, Price, Sommerville, Turner, Silver, Hamilton, Haynes, McArthur, Jones, Nesbitt, Carey and sixty others.

Per str ELIZA ANDERSON, from Puget Sound—C Beaty, McDonald, J Brown, J Breverton, N Simms, C Huson, C Fletcher, J Holden, J Humphreys, Wm Mattschend, C C Bateman, S F Hare, J Tibbetts, W B Smith, J A Graham, C King, D Smith, J Donnell, Mrs Worth and ch, Miss Spencer, J H Wilson, Geo Laranger, F J Flett J Fogarty, L G Barton, Wm Foster, W Johnson, E Kendall, Miss Smith, Miss Lindsay W Douglass, Mrs Murphy, Mrs Pearson, and 9 others.

Per PRINCESS LOUISE, fm New Westminster—Mrs Deane, C Todd, FC Gamble, C Hayward, s Leese, J B Lovell, Rev Lennie, Pleace, Oleson, Anderson, Wilson, Henderson, Haines and others.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str NORTH PACIFIC from Puget Sound—A Cowan, S J Pitts, H B Co, M Powell, W McKeon, A B Gray & Co, W Johnson, H Gribble, G B Ordano, S P Francis, E J Salmon, T Dunn, J Wetler, Wood & Caton, Baker & Son, A Filmore, M B Atkinson, W G Cameron, W Heathorn, E G Prior, A Lewis & Co, Burns & Co, Hutcheson, Young & Co, Rev Owens, J Abrams, W R & Co, McQuade & Son, Marvin & Tilton.

Per str ELIZA ANDERSON, fm Puget Sound—B C Pettingell.

Personal.

Mr. H. Croft, of Croft & Angus, Chemainus, was a passenger by the Enterprise yesterday.

Captains Anderson and Morrison were passengers from Nanaimo yesterday.

Ex-Governor Richards arrived from Nanaimo yesterday.

John Graham. Esq., assistant receiver general, and Mrs. Graham returned from California by the Mexico.

Mr. W. R. Hull, of Hull Bros., Kamloops, arrived from the east yesterday. Mr. H. was one of a party who crossed the Rockies from Kamloops, having left the latter place last April.

Mr. Chas. Hayward came down from New Westminster by the Princess Louise, yesterday.

We are glad to know that Mr. Robert Beaven, M. P. P., has recovered sufficiently to walk around his house. He has not yet received the use of his right arm, but the doctors give hope that he will soon regain it.

Supreme Court.

(Before Sir M. B. begbie, C. J)

Re conviction of On Hing.

On the 29th of October On Hing was convicted by Judge Pemberton for unlawfully altering a wooden building within the fire limits and fined $50.

Mr. S. P. Mills (Fell & Mills) now moved for a rule *nisi* for a writ of *certiorari* to issue to quash the conviction of the magistrate,

1. That the by-law was *ultra vires*, in so far as it referred to the existing buildings in ordinary repairs, alterations or changes.

2. That without proof the magistrate cannot take judicial notice of the by-law.

3. That there was no proof of a by-law establishing fire limits. Several other points were also taken.

His lordship granted a rule *nisi* returnable on the 19th inst.

County Court.

(Before Hon. Mr. Justice Crease.)

Trustees estate of E. H. Adler vs. Herman Gallick—To recover $26.90, amount of account; judgment in favor of plaintiffs for $1.75.

Alex. Phillips vs. Peter Haack—This was an action to recover $125 for breach of warranty of a horse taken by plaintiff from defendant in exchange for another horse and $50. After several witnesses had been heard the court decided that the defendant must return plaintiff's horse and take back his own, and also return $40 out of the $50. No costs. Mr. C. Wilson for plaintiff, Fell & Mills for defendant. Court adjourned until 11 o'clock to-day.

Marine.

The British Columbia bark Nanaimo has arrived at Hongkong from Newcastle, N. S. W., and will load with Chinese merchandise for Victoria.

Steamship Wellington passed up for Departure bay last evening.

American ship Kate Davenport, which arrived at Hongkong with spars and lumber, will shortly leave the former port for Victoria with a full cargo.

American bark Nehemiah Gibson arrived in the roads last evening 50 days from Callao. She comes seeking.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—Arrived—Schooner Dora, 14 days from Ounalaska.

BURNS MOUNTAIN MINING COMPANY.—The contract has been let for the tunnelling of the mountain another hundred feet. The promoters of the scheme have great faith yet that they will ultimately reach what they have so long sought, the rich lead that crops out on top of the mountain. This is the only work of the kind ever attempted in British Columbia, and also the only one at present being prosecuted on the continent. We wish them success in their renewed effort.

KATE CASTLETON COMPANY.—R. S. Wires, Esq., business manager of the Kate Castleton company, is in the city to make arrangements for the appearance in this city on the 17th and 18th insts. of that troupe. Miss Castleton is a favorite with the public from end to end of the continent. With the company are Miss Ethel Lynton, a pleasant and popular actress, and Mr. Ferdinand Urran, a noted vocalist and comedian.

"THE PRINCESSE."—An 8-button tan colored Kid Glove, with black, seef or mixed silk points, price $1 25 per pair. We invite a trial of this remarkable glove; also, of an especially cheap black French Glove, 4 fasteners, at $1 per pair.

WM. WILSON & Co.,
2w City House.

THIEFT.—Several metallic buckets were stolen from the store of Rowbotham & Co., corner of Douglas and Pandora streets yesterday, it is thought by some Chinamen. The police have the matter in hand, and the culprits will no doubt be brought to justice.

What Some People Say.

That republican office holders express the hope that Cleveland will not make a clean sweep of the offices.

That Blaine carried Pennsylvania by 78,000 majority.

That some wretches sprinkled pepper on an Oregon ball-room floor and broke up the dance. The sufferings of some of the dancers were terrible.

That a full line of Burk & Packard's fine shoes will be found at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S, sole agent for Victoria. *

That Lett's Diaries are at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s. *

That in the next legislature of Washington Territory will be three ex-Chief Justices of the Territory. One of these is B. F. Dennison, of Clarke county; another O. Jacobs, of King, and the third J. R. Lewis, also of King. These three gentlemen occupied the position of Chief Justice from 1869 to 1878. Judge Jacobs will be in the council, and Judges Lewis and Dennison in the house.

That an excessively hard winter, from a business and financial point of view, is looked for throughout southern Europe, owing to the cholera and failure of crops. The curtailment and stagnation in trade are complained of as unparalleled in Central and north Europe, with no immediate prospect of relief in view.

That 'Atlantis the Antedeluvian World' and 'Ragnarock,' by Donnelly, are for sale at T. N. HIBBEN & Co. *

That at the City House may be found the largest and newest assortment of ladies', Misses' and children's trimmed and untrimmed hats and bonnets, feathers, birds' wings, flowers, millinery ornaments and trimmings to be found in the city.

That "What seems to be the matter?" he asked, mildly, as they were returning from church; "didn't you enjoy the sermon?" "Enjoy the sermon?" she repeated, slowly, "and that odious Mrs. Smith sitting directly in front of me with a new fall wrap on that never cost less than $125. You must think I have a very warm Christian temperament.—*New York Sun.*

That it is said that a tribe of Israelites, numbering some three hundred thousand persons, exists between Damascus and Jerusalem, who have probably been there since the beginning of the Christian era. They have neither city nor town, but live in tents and speak the Hebrew language among themselves, but use the Arabic with strangers. They have remained, like the primitive races, exclusively tillers of the soil and warriors They go armed from head to foot. They earn a meagre subsistence from the soil and are content with it.

That Sheet Music at half price at HIBBEN & Co.'s. *

That you should see the West End suit at the I. X. L. *

That "postponed on account of the weather" must be written against the projected marriage at St. Andrew's Cathedral.

That there is a growing desire among the moderate men on both sides of politics to see some compromise effected by which the impending rupture between the lords and commons can be avoided. The chief trouble, however, lies with the radicals, who oppose with equal bitterness a compromise with the lords or a solution of the difficulty by the creation of liberal peers. The aim of the radicals is to widen the present breach, and to maintain the agitation for the abolition of the house of lords.

That a furnished or unfurnished twelve roomed house, with nice garden and orchard is to let in the pleasantest part of the city, ten minutes' walk from the postoffice. For particulars apply at this office. *

That those wishing their names in large type in the B. C. Directory 1884-5 must subscribe before the 15th Nov. next. *

That baked milk is recommended for invalids. To prepare it. "Put a half-gallon of milk in a jar and tie it down with writing paper. Let it stand in a moderate oven eight or ten hours. It will be like cream, and very nutritious."

That the captain of the government steamship La Canadienne has successfully delivered to the distressed Labrador fishermen the eight hundred barrels of flour sent out for their relief by the Canadian authorities.

That at the late exhibition CHARLES BALL was awarded the FIRT PRIZE for the best assortment of wagons in British Columbia. dw *

That an exceptionally cheap line of Misses' and children's mantles, 21 to 39 inches long, commencing at 87½c. each, is being offered at the City House. *

That it is an acknowledged fact, the finest Wines, Brandies and Scotch Whiskies at Boyd's. *

That the WHITE HOUSE will have on view to-day an immense assortment of new season Millinery, Feathers, Flowers, &c. *

The Kwong Lee Co. Troubles.

Loo Chuck Fan, the senior member of the Kwong Lee Co., attended the meeting of Chinese merchants on Tuesday evening. He made a long statement denying that Loo Choo Fan is his partner, denying that he ever signed a deed of copartnership, and denying that Loo Choo Fan has the slightest interest in the concern. He added that, as his brother had appealed to the law, so let it go. He would abide by a decision of the court. It is proposed by the merchants to send to China for the mother of the contending brothers, and refer the whole matter to her for decision, such being the Chinese custom in case of disputes between brothers.

Naval.

Vice-Admiral Close, of the British navy, has offered a singular explanation about the loss of the gunboat Wasp recently off the Irish coast. There exists, it seems, a form of defective sight known as "moon blindness," persons afflicted with which are unable to perceive a light shining in the darkness. It is easy to see the consequence of this infirmity in the navigating officer of a ship. Admiral Close says he nearly lost the man-of war Trident once from this cause, only discovering in the nick of time that his navigating officer was unable to see the light of a lighthouse half a mile distant. If "moon-blindness" is an established fact in medical science, the sooner provision for detecting it is made the better.

BUGGY ACCIDENT.—While Mr. J. Baird and another were driving along Humboldt street on Sunday night, in the darkness, the buggy struck a rock jutting out from the side of the road, throwing the occupants out and damaging the vehicle slightly. Mr. Baird sustained a fracture of the arm at the wrist, which was attended to by Dr. Milne. Just at this point the electric light does not strike, rendering the presence of the impediment there exceedingly dangerous in the darkness.

WOMEN AS JURORS.

Two of Them Refuse to be Coerced

AND ARE THREATENED BY THE MEN JURORS!

The Post-Intelligencer of yesterday contains the following from two women who sat as jurors on the Lone Fisherman smuggling case and "agreed to disagree" with the majority:—

To Our Fellow Citizens:—We are constrained to give this open statement to vindicate our integrity, disinterestedness and conscientiousness, as a shadow of reflection and doubt has been implied on the same, and an explanation being asked of us repeatedly, it is our duty to give the plain facts in the interest of justice and truth, and all who read may be judges of the same. To be brief and to the point:

We were jurors on the smuggling case of the Lone Fisherman. When chosen, we had no knowledge of the case, no interest in the parties concerned, never having seen the principals. It was prosecuted with much vigor, and everything brought to bear to secure conviction. The first intimation that there was to be a conflict was when the testimony was all in for the prosecution, and Mr. Haines had opened for the defense as to what he should show for the defense. As we left the court room for the night, on the stairs going down one of the jurors said, "They will not get off. I will hang the jury forty-eight hours first," implying that their defence would be of no avail to him. One near him told him to keep still, as some one would hear him.

When the case was called and the jury gone to their room to decide, the first ballot gave eight for guilty and four for not guilty, these four being Ames, Ludlow, Wood and Kidd. On the next ballot Mrs. Ludlow, seeing herself in the minority, changed to the majority. Perceiving that things had come to a standstill, Mrs. Ludlow gave us a lecturing discourse, winding up with saying: "Now we will advise with our brothers and be guided by their judgment, as they have more experience and are better informed and can show us the right." To this Mrs. Kidd immediately replied that she was capable of judging and declaring for herself and should not look to the dictum of the men; then stating how her conclusions were made, viz: That when the testimony was all in and that part of the case finished, which was Saturday night, the three days intervening of the intermission of the court had been all occupied in reviewing and weighing the testimony of the case all to herself, and her mind was made up. This brought out the charges of illegality, contempt and fraud, Mr. Jones saying that a juror had no right to an opinion until the judge's charge was given to them. To this she replied: "I know what it necessarily must be, the law has been read to us often enough." But this act of thinking for oneself was the occasion of threats of being reported, punished, complained of, which were carried out. Then Mrs. Ludlow made the liberal remark that it was too weighty a charge and too responsible a position for women to have, and she hoped it would be the last time women would be on juries.

We gave as our reasons for not agreeing with the majority, "That the prosecution did not establish clear proof; that it was circumstantial and based on suspicion; but one boy testified to its being the Lone Fisherman, and that was unsatisfactory, especially as he failed to identify persons or the boat." Others might stretch their conscience to convict on that kind of testimony, but we could not be so elastic on such flimsy testimony.

After supper Mrs. Ludlow brought in a bed from the clerk's office, arranged it on chairs and slept the balance of the night, Mrs. Curtis resting beside her. While we two were engaged looking at the pictures Mr. Judd come between us and said, "That unless we found guilty our action would be resented by the people; the franchise would be taken from us, and we should not sit on any more juries." To this Mrs. Kidd indignantly replied that she was above such force and coercion. In reply he said "she thought more of herself than others thought of her." In my replying Mr. Jones chimed in, "That she would find herself injured," in manner implying he would attend to it and see that she was.

In the morning Mr. Jones said to Mrs. Wood she ought to be ashamed of herself to hold an opinion against ten of them; and Mrs. Ludlow told her it would be said she was bribed. This quite alarmed her, even to have the shadow of a suspicion cast on her. In the morning it was seen that some one of the men had written on the wall over our heads where we had sat, "Defrauders; we are tired of the women."

Such being the principal facts, we state them. In regard to the threats of being reported and suspictoned of dishonesty, subsequent incidents in the court-room showed these were acted out. It was a plain open challenge to that effect, and cast a reflection on our right of opinion and judgment as jurors.

We wish to say something as to the peremptory challenge, the excuse given for discharging us. How did the judge know it would be so—that we would be challenged on all future cases? As we understand it, the lawyers do the challenging, and unless they had united against us, he must have told an untruth. We were never challenged on any case we were called on, and Mrs. Kidd sat on eight and Mrs. Wood six or seven cases passed upon.

Mrs. Ludlow said to Mrs. Wood: "We ladies ought not to stand out against the opinion of the gentlemen. They are more experienced, and we ought to do as they say. Besides, you are injuring the cause of woman's rights." Mrs. Wood said: "What has woman's rights to do with this case? We are here to decide whether this man is guilty or not." No one swore positively that Mr. Willey was the man; it was too dark to fully identify him; that it looked like him; while, on the other hand, Mr. Murphy swore positively that it was not Mr. Willey, and that the boat was not the Lone Fisherman, which certainly created a doubt in our minds, and since Mr. Murphy has been fully and clearly acquitted by a jury of twelve, shows we were right in our convictions.

Mr. Jones was very domineering and dictatorial, shaking his fingers in Mrs. Wood's face and saying: "You ought to be ashamed of yourself to hold out against ten of us."

ALMIRA KIDD,
NELLIE WOOD.

Seattle, Nov. 10, 1884.

ILLUSTRATED
ILLUSTRATED
ILLUSTRATED

BRITISH
BRITISH
BRITISH

COLUMBIA.
COLUMBIA.
COLUMBIA.

THE two young girls who were knocked down by the furious young Knight of the Cleaver are recovering. But are the police making no effort to find the culprit; and is this furious driving which characterizes the Knights to be continued without remonstrance?

The Hallowe'en Concert.

Last evening the Hallowe'en concert of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society was held in Broughton street hall, which before the programme commenced, was filled to overflowing by an audience composed mainly of representatives of the Scottish clans. Piper Carmichael opened the programme with one of his stirring pieces on the bagpipes, and was followed with a song by Mr. Ruddiman, who also in the after part of the evening gave a piccolo solo, well rendered. Mrs. Bamford sang very prettily "Jessie's Dream." Mr. Gandy's violin solo was the gem of the evening, was played with his usual brilliant execution and received a generous encore. Mr. Offerhaus was very happy in the rendition of his song, which was given with pleasing voice and expression. Mr. J. Russell sang "Jessie the Fower o' Dumblane," and received an encore. Mr. Yates sang "Oh my Love is Like a Red, Red Rose" in good voice, while Mr. J. Miller's song "Tam Gibb and the Soo," brought down the house with his recital of the adventures the Scotchman had with a pig. A chorus composed of Miss Bowden, Miss Dickson, Miss Anderson, Mrs. Bamford, Messrs. J. Burns, E. Yates, R. B. McMicking and Geo. Jay gave during the evening two well rendered choruses, and a ballad and chorus, Mr. Yates taking the solo. Mr. Reeves received an encore for his song "Kail Brose." Mr. Jay sang "I Fear no Foe," in a full rich bass voice of great compass, and was loudly applauded. Miss Bowden sang with great expression a very pretty song which was well received. Mr. Russell again favored the audience with a comical Scotch song, "Bonnie Wee Window," which created great mirth. A very interesting and successful concert was brought to a finale by all singing "Auld Lang Syne." Mr. J. J. Austin acted very acceptably as accompanyist. The society are to be congratulated on the great success of their entertainment, which passed off very smoothly, and it will be an incentive for them to make the succeeding concerts fully as good.

Stealing a State.

A news telegram of the 9th inst. says that the democrats have stolen Virginia by a series of frauds before unknown outside of the Gulf states. Reliable reports show that nearly 3,000 legal republican voters were disfranchised in the state. Other devices of dishonesty and trickery were employed at different points. On Wednesday couriers were dispatched to counties which could be manipulated with orders to stuff 6,000 or 7,000 votes into the returns. The dispatch concludes: "It is burglary of the state, and, like thieves, propose to go and offer stolen goods to the electoral college and expect to have them received, and with them to help make Cleveland president of the United States. The frauds have been so plain that the vote should never be accepted in the electoral college."

WALKED INTO THE HARBOR.—On Monday night Richard Dowdall left the Occidental to secure his berth on board the steamer Geo. E. Starr, as he was leaving for the east in the morning. Coming off the steamer again in the intense darkness he walked from the dock and into the waters of the harbor. As he could swim, he paddled around until the steamer hands, who heard the splash, came to his rescue, and hauled him out with a rope from his cold bath, minus his hat. There is no light hung to guide passengers to and from the steamers at night, and it is a wonder that so few accidents have occurred. Sufficient lights should be placed along the passage to the steamer so that there would be no danger in the attempt to board her.

ACCIDENT TO THE AMELIA.—There was full steam on and every effort made by the two Nanaimo steamers to reach Saanich yesterday, where were awaiting ten tons of freight. The Enterprise arrived first, and left a number of passengers behind who were going to take passage by the Amelia. When the Enterprise arrived at Victoria she learned that a telegram had been received that the Amelia had broken her crank-pin, and was lying at Cowichan harbor. As a consequence, the east coast mails were considerably delayed. In the evening the Barbara Boscowitz left to tow down the Amelia.

JOSEFFY.—This great pianist will appear to-night at Philharmonic Hall. Owing to engagements elsewhere there will be but one appearance, so that all who wish to hear the great artist must go to-night. The programme comprises selections from Beethoven, Schubert, Chopin, Liszt, Joseffy, Schumann, and others. The Oregon press have gone into ecstasies over the wonderful character of the performance, and Victorians may expect to be more than pleased.

NEW CHINESE THEATRE.—Not to be behind the times, a syndicate of Chinese merchants are making arrangements for the building of a large brick theatre immediately in the rear of the King Tye Co. building. As soon as plans are prepared the contract for the building will be let and pushed rapidly to completion. The intention is to have a seating capacity of about 1,000, and to make the appearance of the interior correspond with the general character of the building.

FEMALE J. P.'s.—The Post-Intelligencer says: For the first time in the history of the Pacific coast, and certainly for the first time in the history of the territory of Washington, two women were elected justices of the peace on the 4th of November in this (King) county. They were Mrs. J. Anderson and Mrs. Eliza A. Forbes Quite a contest was made against Mrs. Forbes, but she beat her opponent, a Mr. Langland, by eight votes. Mrs. Mary Dunlap ran for constable in the same precinct with Mrs. Forbes, but was beaten by a Mr. Thompson.

THE Enterprise came into the harbor to-day with flags flying in honor of the presence on board of a wedding party, the happy couple being Mr. and Mrs. D. Gray, who were married at Nanaimo yesterday. Mr Gray is a brother of Mr. J. Gray, of the Pritchard House.

THE Convent bazaar will commence to-day at the skating rink and will be continued this and to-morrow evenings. The goods to be offered are of a rich, varied and useful character.

Y. M. C. ASSOCIATION.—Messrs. Davis and Walker were very successful yesterday in securing subscriptions for the Young Men's Christian Association.

Its Wonderful Efficacy.

No remedy ever discovered possesses the wonderful efficacy of Syrup of Figs. The certainty with which it expels all impurities from the system, at the same time giving tone to the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, places it ahead of all other remedies, to say nothing of its being more easily taken. It is selling very rapidly. Langley & Co. are agents for British Columbia. 5

The Interior.

[Kamloops Sentinel.]

The railway work has very much changed the appearance of our main street, some places; towards the steamboat landing a good deal of cutting down has taken place, as well as in front of Mr. McKinnon's shop and Dominion Hotel, while a little further to the east extensive filling up has taken place. In front of this office the grade is raised two and a half feet. The grade causes narrow wagon roads to the right and left, and passing or turning round will have to be carefully done. The fear of the Black Cañon tunnel caving in has caused a track to be carried outside of it, and now track-laying is going forward this side of the tunnel, and will be at Barnes & Evan's in a week or so, and continue until completed to Savona—probably middle of next month.

Business reported brisk at Savona.

Eastern Canada Mail.

(Per Northern Pacific Railway.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 6.—The Senate of Mexico ratified the agreement between Great Britian and Mexico. The President approved of it, and cordial relations between the Governments are now consummated, after a lapse of many years. This result has been chiefly brought about by representations from the Canadian Government, and no doubt steps will be at once taken to increase and develop Canadian trade with Mexico, now that amity has been established.

TORONTO, Oct. 30.—There has just come to light here another sample of the coachman elopement. The facts were kept quiet at the time. It appears that a Miss Brough, sister of a young lawyer of considerable social standing, who recently himself left town under permission from his partners, eloped with the coachman of Mr. A. S. Nordheimer, president of the Federal Bank. The coachman is now running a cider mill here.

QUEBEC, Oct. 30.—The conviction of young Gray of the theft of a post office letter containing $600 was a matter of considerable surprise, the evidence having been of the most circumstantial character. There was quite a scene in the court when the verdict was rendered. When asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced, witness replied, "I am an innocent man. May God forgive the guilty." When he was sent to five years in the penitentiary, which Judge Cross told him was the smallest punishment for his offense, he sobbed bitterly. Little doubt is expressed here that Gray had confederates in the robbery, who were probably the principals, and there is some possibility that he will make disclosures which will account for much of the irregularity lately complained of in connection with the Quebec Postoffice.

KINGSTON, Nov. 2.—The body of James Simpson, the missing cabman, was found in the water yesterday morning, the ninth day after his having disappeared.

TORONTO, Nov. 5.—W. F. MacLean, of the World, has been committed for trial for criminally libelling G. F. Hanson, of Hanson & Co., contractor's agents.

The Toronto Presbytery met yesterday to consider a remit from the General Assembly *re* marriage with a deceased wife's sister. A long discussion ensued, the weight of argument favoring the view that the present law is not sufficiently sustained by scriptural authority. The discussion was adjourned to a special meeting in January.

MONTREAL, Nov. 5.—The firm of C. H. Cordingley & Co., wholesale dealers in wines and liquors and distillers, have assigned. The liabilities are about $40,000, of which $20,000 is direct and $20,000 indirect. Trade depression is the cause of the failure.

The latest news from Beauce gives Taschereau, conservative, a majority of 320.

The customs and inland revenue receipts for October show a falling off of $129,000 compared with last October. The customs decrease is attributed to the general depression and the inland revenue to the Scott act and its consequent shrinkage of business in spirits and beer.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 2.—The excitement over the McCormack flogging has entirely subsided, and a feeling is setting in that the action of the crowd was hasty and entirely due to a misapprehension of the facts, and the hot-headedness of the ringleaders, who are political opponents of Attorney-General Miller.

QUEBEC, Nov. 5.—W. J. Webster has arrived to attempt the perilous feat of going over the Montmorenci falls to-morrow in a balloon filled with compressed air, for a wager of $2,000. The authorities will likely interfere.

DRESDEN, Nov. 3.—Daniel Webster, son of Henry Webster, a farmer, suicided by hanging yesterday in a barn. His mind is supposed to have been weak. He often threatened to take his own life.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 3.—Further developments show that Scott and Harwood stole nearly $10,000 from the Merchants' Bank. It is feared that further search will show a still greater amount.

GODERICH, Nov. 3.—Considerable excitement was caused here to-day by the discovery that the court house had been broken into on Sunday night and three ballot boxes, awaiting the official count, stolen. The boxes had been placed in the grand jury room on the first floor, and the entrance was made through the window, the glass of which was broken. The majority is so large that the theft cannot affect the result of the poll.

BRACEBRIDGE, Nov. 5.—By the premature discharge of a blast on the Pacific Junction railway John McCousland, of Welland, and Michael McFoy were injured. McFoy will lose his eyesight.

HAMILTON, Nov. 5.—An infant child of Thos. Appleton was smothered in bed this morning, rolling on its face and being unable to move.

BRIGHT, Nov. 3.—The lumber in Mr. Church's yard and sawmill were destroyed by fire on Friday morning. Loss $14,000 and no insurance. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

OTTAWA, Nov. 5.—Kenneth Campbell, a young man, was arrested yesterday afternoon, charged with forging the name of James Saunders to a cheque for $500. It is alleged that Campbell stole the cheque and forged the endorsement thereon.

NEWMARKET, Nov. 5.—Seven cars of a freight train left the track near here and plunged headlong into a ditch, totally wrecking them and their contents. The loss is very heavy.

LINDSAY, Nov. 5.—Donald McArthur, a Grand Trunk brakeman, while shunting a train, fell, the cars passing over his head, and killing him instantly. The deceased lived with his parents here.

TORONTO, Nov. 4.—Mary Ann Smith, an inmate of the asylum, suddenly left her work on Saturday evening, and, rushing to the wharf, jumped into the water and was drowned. Another patient, named Cadman, launched a boat, but while going to the rescue the boat capsized, and he was nearly drowned also.

PORT ARTHUR, Nov. 3.—A serious stabbing affray occurred last night in the Empire House. A dispute arose between a Swede named Carlson and a man named Walters, when Wm. Mitchell, a friend of Walters', interfered to save him from assault. Carlson drew a long knife and rushed at Mitchell, stabbing him six times in the head and face. The doctor thinks he may recover. Carlson is in custody.

The latest reports from Michipicoten say the reign of terror still exists. The Toronto police took several prisoners to Sault Ste Marie on Thursday last. The following day four of the worst desperadoes, heavily armed, boarded the steamer Steinhoff, for the Sault. After leaving the dock they opened a fusilade from revolvers and Winchester rifles, completely riddling the C. P. R. office. Another posse of police is on the way to Michipicoten.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 2.—James Farquhar met a horrible death yesterday by the caving in of a sewer in which he was working. He was completely buried, but his companions dug him out in ten minutes. He was horribly mangled, his face mutilated, and his body crushed.

Dewar, the city hall contractor who failed, has made revelations. He says he took the contract for a much higher price than $80,000, but was induced by the architect to reduce it to that figure to save his deposit, the architect promising to ease him on the work by $10,000, and if more loss was incurred to give him his commission. A petition for a royal commission to enquire into civic matters will be presented to the local government.

MONTREAL, Nov. 5.—The Canadian Pacific receipts last week were $31,000 more than for the corresponding week last year.

The fur store of John Henderson & Co. was broken into early yesterday morning and $800 worth of furs stolen. There is no clue to the burglar.

Martin, late secretary of the Roman Catholic School Board, who absconded with $2,800, has returned and paid back the larger portion of the money. He will not be prosecuted.

The Protestant clergy and laity hold a mass meeting on Thursday to protest against the management of lunatic asylums, and the abolition of farming out of patients. Indignation is great at the keeping of Mrs. Lynam in the asylum after the report of the experts.

ORANGEVILLE, Nov. 6.—Parties broke into the office of the returning officer here and stole five of the ballot boxes containing returns of the vote on the Scott Act in Dufferin. There was great excitement in town when the news leaked out. The boxes stolen represent 150 majority for the act; with them the returns show 805 majority.

OWEN SOUND, Nov. 5.—Cook Teets, who poisoned his wife some months ago, was found guilty to-day, and sentenced to be hanged on the 5th December.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 1.—Richard Hill, the switchman whose mistake the coroner's jury found had caused the accident at Montrose station on the Canada Southern, has been arrested and taken to Welland gaol to await his trial for manslaughter. Hill is a man whose character has been good, and has a wife and family living in Chippewa. He is only 28 years of age.

English Mail.

Per Northern Pacific Railway.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Bank of England has advanced the rate of discount to four per cent.

DUNDEE, Oct. 30.—The mill owners have resolved to reduce the wages of operatives five per cent owing to the long continued depression in trade. Thousands are out of employment.

A correspondent writes: The land agitation has reached a very acute and critical stage in Lewis. The crofters in most of the townships in the parish of Uig have refused to pay rent, and though the factor spent a whole week in the parish, he had to return home without receiving any money. The crofters a week ago took, and still hold, violent possession of the holdings belonging to the large farmers in the parish, and they decline to meet and confer with the authorities regarding their proceedings. Respect for law and order has for some time past been at a discount in the island, but the openly avowed renuncition of all authority and government which now prevails is only of recent date, and is traceable to the advice of unprincipled local agitators.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in Cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st., N.Y.
my28-48tw-30Stw

Chinese and Japanese Goods.

The King Tye Co. have just received per bark Wildwood, from China and Japan, a large lot of No. 1 quality of Black and Green Teas, which will be sold cheap. Also a large and varied assortment of Chinese and Japanese Fancy Silk, Chinaware, Lacquered ware, Fancy Matting, etc., which will be on exhibition in a few days.

THE KING TYE CO.
tf Cormorant street.

ROCKFORD Quick-Train WATCHES

Unequalled in EXACTING SERVICE

Used by the U. S. Coast Survey, in U. S. Naval Observatory, by Locomotive Engineers Conductors and other Railway men. They are recognized as THE BEST. Sold in principal cities throughs by exclusive Agents (leading jewelers), with a Full Warranty.

G. W. Lange & Son, Victoria,

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.
oc29dw6m3p

I. X. L. Clothing Store.

The public are invited to inspect our well selected stock of clothing, just arrived. Men's, boys' and youths' suits, overcoats and ulsters, made expressly for this market in the latest European and American styles. Also hats in brown and black direct from Christy's and Stetson. Furnishing goods—Silk handkerchiefs, ties, collars, silk umbrellas, gloves, etc. Every article guaranteed as represented.

I. X. L. Store, corner Government and Johnson streets. T. L. DAVIES, Manager.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR is one of the most striking and pleasing characteristics and can easily be obtained by using Cingalese Hair Renewer. Price cents per bottle. For sale by all druggests. dwly

FOR SPRAINS AND BRUISES.—Rub Perry Davis' Pain Killer well into the wounded parts, taking the medicine internally at the same time. 16

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

We have received instructions from the

VICTORIA THEATRE COMP'Y

(LIMITED.)

TO SELL BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

Saturday, Nov'r 15th, 1884

AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.

On the Premises, corner of Douglas and View streets,

5 FRAME BUILDINGS.

TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
no11 Auctioneer.

TO-MORROW. Auction Sale.

I am instructed to sell by Public Auction at salesrooms, Yates street, on

Thursday next, 13th instant,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

THE SLOOP "KETURAH."

As she now lies in James Bay.

Her dimensions are—33 feet in length; 15 feet beam; 5 feet depth of hold, and measures 8 tons.

Well found in sails, cordage, anchor and chains, lights, etc.

BOAT, with oars, etc., complete.

TERMS CASH.

W. R. CLARKE,
no11 Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

I have been instructed by Mrs. M. Dawson to sell by Auction on the premises at South Saanich, on

Thursday, 24th Nov., at 12 M.

FARM WAGON, SPRING WAGON,

Harness, Saddles, Set Blacksmith Tools, Ploughs, Harrows, Roller, Iron Boiler (70 gallons),

BRANTFORD SELF-BINDING REAPER,

Mowing and Stumping Machines, Sulky Rake, Chaff Cutter, Tools, Double Barrel Gun, Stove, Churns and Milk Pans, 4 Dairy Cows, 4 Heifers, 3 heavy team HORSES, 1 Brood Mare (½ Clydesdale) a quantity of fine

TIMOTHY HAY, OATS AND WHEAT,

Two Tons of Potatoes and sundry other articles.

Terms at Sale.

G. BYRNES,
no6 Auctioneer.

Fook Yuen & Co

NO. 103 FISCARD STREET,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN GENERAL

CHINESE MERCHANDISE,

Japanese Ware,

CROCKERY, VASES, ETC.

WONG TAN AI, Partner.
LOO YUEN SUN, Partner.
P. O. Box No. 503. oc23 1m

DANCING.

MRS. DICKINSON'S AFTERNOON AND EVENING Classes are held at Harmony Hall, View street. Terms strictly in advance.

EVERY SATURDAY.

Afternoon Classes.....from 2 until 4 o'clock
Evening Classes.....from 8 until 10:30
Every Tuesday, Tuition Class 8 till 10 p. m.
Pupils desirous of joining a class can apply for terms to Mrs. DICKINSON at the Hall, on Saturdays from 2 to 4 p. m. se24 3m

SURGEON GENERAL ROBOTHAM,

M. R. C. S., Eng., &c.

DR. ASH HAVING RETURNED TO VICTORIA, Surgeon General Robotham will no longer undertake Family or Visiting Practice; but can be consulted daily from 10 a. m. to 1 p.m. at his residence, Pandora street.

Victoria, B.C., 29th Oct., 1884 oc30dw1w

ABOUT SHOPLIFTERS.

An Æsthetic Floor-Walker's Views Elegantly Expressed.

Kleps, Snaps, Genuines and Incorrigibles — Nice Distinction — A Dry Goods Detective's Views —Counter Thieves.

[New York Sun.]

He was tall, lathily framed, scrupulously barbered, and fashionably enveloped. Had he been a woman, his figure would have been termed willowy, but, though his features were effeminate, there was a perceptible steeliness in their otherwise blonde vacuity. A feline alertness distinguished his easy-going, lounging strut. He had foxy china-blue eyes that seemed to appropriate every minutiæ of the long customer-thronged counters within their scope, and to inspire amid the ranks of prettily aproned saleswomen and smirking male jumpers either increased uneasiness or industry. "The duties of a floor-walker may be called manifold," he said, when he found leisure to answer a few of The Sun reporter's queries.

"It is a noble and intricate profession," the reporter observed.

"You are right, sir, and but few can pursue the career with both profit and eclat. Indeed, the thorough-paced floor walker, like the poet, is born, not made. He has to see that the salespeople are not remiss in their duties. It is his lookout that the porters and door openers toe the mark. The secret incentive of the cash imp's celerity is his lightning glance. The shoppers' demands would scarcely be expedited but for his ubiquitous revision. The counters would never be cleared for action, after a skirmish with the 'pullers,' save through the portent of his knitted brows. His smile is courted, his displeasure feared. There is sunshine in his complaisance, foul weather in his chagrin. He can fondle merit in its golden incipiency, or skewer a peccadillo to its crimson core. Lastly, but mostly, he is the Argus-eyed terror of shoplifters, impecunious gawks, and profitless lookers-around."

"But do not great establishments like this employ detectives to look after shoplifters?"

"Yes, sir. Ours has two. But, bless you, they are mere detectives, nothing more! I, as the chief floor-walker, am their director, their animated spirit, or their intellectual avant courier, as occasion may demand. Our detectives may be wider awake to the wiles and disguises of old birds, the veteran fakirs, than I; but, Lord love you, for finesse in spotting the embryo manipulator, for delicate discernment between the really absent-minded and the incorrigible 'klep,' and again between the genuine 'klep' and the professional 'snap,' I rather flatter myself I can give our bobbies odds and capture the belt."

"Please explain."

"Ah! Well, then, a klep is a kleptomaniac, and a snap is a thief. The genuine klep is a real victim of the morbidity called kleptomania, and wholly unable to control its deplorable manifestations. Oh, yes, kleptomania is a real disease, and no mistake. A certain wealthy lady afflicted with it comes here frequently during the fashionable shopping season, and regularly as clockwork, after she has made her trifling purchases and picked up her parasol to saunter back to her carriage, I politely conduct her to a back room, and wait at the door while our forewoman assists her to disgorge the articles she has stolen. She has got sort of used to it by this time—might almost be said to admire it, in fact—and is not at all shame-faced or embarrassed; though I honestly think if any one else but myself would take her in charge—either of the detectives, for instance; uneducated fellows, you know — she would be downright offended. There is nothing like a certain style and toniness in everything. We used merely to take memoranda of her pickings, and suffer her to go home with them, when a courteous note, enclosing a bill of them, to her husband would result in prompt payment or a return of the plunder, always with a suitable apology. But this grew to be troublesome, so we resorted to the more summary process. We have other customers, perhaps a dozen in all, similarly afflicted and susceptible to like treatment. So much for the genuine kleps. Then we have the incorrigible kleps."

"What is the distinction?"

"A broad one. The genuine klep is either rich or influentially connected; the incorrigible klep is neither the one nor the other. The latter is a miserable nuisance, a thoroughly obnoxious pest, but, fortunately, she is swiftly disposed of. Detection, policemen summoned, public search and exposure, cell in jail, true bill of larceny nailed to her forehead, trial, conviction, sentence, and the ranks of evil-doers depleted by one. The kleptomania dodge doesn't avail her for a cent, and she's rattled off to the rogue's march, with our firm beating the big drum as an incidental advertisement."

"But may not the genuine klep be as incorrigible as she? And may not the incorrigible be as truly diseased and as wholly unable to control the manifestations as the genuine?"

The floor-walker blinked like an intellectual center-bit boring for treasure, but almost instantly glowed as self-sufficiently as his wont. "My dear sir, you do not understand; you are abstruse. You evolve mountains out of molehills," said he, suavely. "You must understand that a wealthy or influential woman can no more be an incorrigible klep than a poor or friendless woman can be a genuine klep. A supposition to the contrary in either case would be an absurdity. Kleptomania, as a disease and in a business sense, is subject to numerous fine-drawn, arbitrary distinctions."

"What is a 'snap'?"

"A snap is a shoplifter. There are various sorts of snaps. There is the veteran snap, wary, and, but for her face being known, difficult to detect. Then snaps are young and old, pretty and homely. The young ones are merely in their pupilage, hence clumsy and readily detected. When very young, and the establishment is somewhat soft-hearted, they are like enough dismissed with an admonition after a lecture in private. If the establishment is otherwise, the felonous fledgeling is less fortunate. Ours is an otherwise. We clamp on to a thief like a thousand of bricks, and hammer her to the cross in a way that makes her bonnet jump."

A Great Blessing.

[Philadelphia Call.]

The price of coal is said to be quite low for lots of fifteen tons. This will be a great blessing to the poor, who have only to buy fifteen tons at once in order to get the benefit of the reduction.

"There are symptoms," says The Philadelphia Record, "that the public is becoming wearied of red tiling and dormers."

Piutes' Soup.

[Exchange.]

Grasshopper soup, a favorite dish of the Piute Indians, is an economical dish, because a bushel of grasshoppers will make soup enough to last ten or fifteen persons a week. The hoppers are left in the kettle after the first meal, and reboiled with fresh additions of water. When they have lost their flavor in soup they are eaten.

Philadelphia Call: In Arctic explorations America is four miles and eighteen deaths ahead.

REST.

[Mary Clemmer.]

Weep not when I am dead, dear friend,
Sweetheart, grieve not when I lie low!
While o'er my clay your soft eyes bend
Remember it was good to go.
When low you press the violet sod,
Whose purple tears enstar my breast,
Beloved, think I sleep in God.
Remember such alone are blest.

The perfect silence will be dear,
How dear the chance of painless rest;
And on, beyond all pain or fear,
The perfect waking will be best.
How dim this distant day will seem,
How far the grief we suffer here!
This life the mirage of a dream,
Merged to a morning calm and clear.

Drinking Ceremonies.

[London Brewers' Guardian.]

The custom of touching glasses prior to drinking healths is very common in England and many other countries, and especially in Germany. It is curious to trace how this custom has prevailed, and still exists, even among savage tribes. To drink out of the same cup and to eat off the same plate, was one of the ways in which the ancients celebrated a marriage, and the wedding feast continues to be not the least important of the marriage ceremonies to the present day.

The Indians of Brazil retain a custom of drinking together a little brandy as a sign that the marriage is concluded. In China similar customs are met with. In the medieval banquets of Germany it was the custom to pass a "loving cup" from hand to hand, but this gradually necessitated that the cup should be of enormous size, and thus smaller cups or glasses were adopted, and the old custom was conformed to by the drinkers touching their glasses before drinking.

The ceremony attending the passing and drinking out of the "loving cup," as practiced at our great city festivals and at some of our college halls, is said to have arisen from the assassination of King Edward. It was then the custom among the Anglo-Saxons to pass round a large cup, from which each guest drank; he who thus drank stood up, and as he lifted the cup with both hands his body was exposed without any defence to a blow, and the occasion was often seized by an enemy to murder him. To prevent this the following plan was adopted: When one of the company stood up to drink, he required the companion who sat next to him to be his pledge—that is, to be responsible for protecting him against anybody who should attempt to take advantage of his defenseless position; this companion stood up also, and raised his drawn sword in his hand to defend the drinker while drinking.

This practice, in a somewhat altered form, continued long after the condition of society had ceased to require it, and was the origin of the modern practice of pledging in drinking. In drinking from the "loving cup" as now practiced, each person rises and takes the cup in his hand to drink, and at the same time the person seated next to him rises also, and when the latter takes the cup in his turn, the individual next to him does the same.

Influence of Electricity on Bread.

[Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette.]

A communication has been sent to this office which, to say the least, if not quaint, is decidedly original, and if followed up promises to revolutionize the bread industry of this and other countries. In fact it would seem that there is in store for the people the stern necessity of seeing to it that every man knows his baker and that the aforesaid man of kneads is a person of good morals, in fact a man after his (the bread eater's) own heart, lest by eating the bread the consumer partakes of the nature of the baker. The communication is as follows:

To THE EDITOR OF THE COMMERCIAL GAZETTE: I have for some time been studying animal electricity in its various phases, and the result of my investigations leads me to believe that it is possible for human beings to impart electricity to fellow men in ways that would at first thought seem highly improbable. Especially is this possible through the medium of breadstuffs. In fact, it is impossible to eat bread without partaking of the masculine electricity of the baker who kneaded it, and thus in time the consumer takes on the disposition of the baker. The theory, of course being, that while shaping the loaves of bread, while yet in the dough, by contact with the same, the baker imparts to it a portion of his nature, which lies dormant in the baking process, but making itself felt in the system of the consumer.

The Turks Badly Henpecked.

[Constantinople Letter.]

To tell the truth, the Turk is as badly henpecked as could well be imagined. The good old days when he could quietly strangle a refractory wife, and drop her into the Bosphorus, to be buried at the state's expense, passed away a quarter of a century ago under the European spasm of virtue that established the "joint control." Since then he has been too dejected to assert his power, and as a result the women do very much as they please. They stay in or go out, ramble about the thoroughfares alone, ride in the horse cars or the caiques, gossip, study, read and frequent the baths much as if they had no lords or masters at all. But in point of fact there always has been a paradox in the rules of conduct laid down for Turkish women. The forced covering of their faces in the streets and the strictness of the lines of social intercourse throw a mystery around their treatment that has had much to do with making it seem severe.

But on the other hand there is probably no nation in the world where the woman is so jealously guarded in her rights of life and property and so liberally protected against her husband as in Turkey. It is considered quite the thing for a jealous Turk to go down to the old pier at Seraglio point and ruminate on his condition after the Marius-Carthage fashion. He doesn't expect to better his state thereby any more than to restore the half-submerged masonry to its original condition, but it is quieter there than it is at home, and he gets a melancholy satisfaction in the recollection of the number of faithless spouses who have met their punishment from its edge.

Some Facts About Peppermint.

[Scientific American.]

It may not be generally known, but it is nevertheless the fact, that the United States is the leading producer of peppermint and peppermint oil in the world. It is principally grown in the state of Michigan and in Wayne county, New York. Our production of the oil in 1878 reached as high as 150,000 pounds, but in 1883 the yield was computed at not more than 35,000 pounds. This year a larger acreage has been planted, but prices have advanced on account of the decreased stocks. The usual annual consumption of the world is about 100,000 pounds, but it is expected there will be a considerable increase this year, as also in other essential oils, on account of apprehension of cholera. Peppermint is grown to best advantage in good garden soils, but requires an abundance of moisture. An acre will grow plants enough to yield from eight to fifteen pounds of oil, according to the age of the plant and the locality, and the price is from $3.25 to $3.75 a pound. There are no large farms entirely devoted to this product, but it is cultivated in small quantities by many farmers.

Build Slowly.

[Bishop Esher.]

Begin way down at the bottom, lay stone upon stone, build a solid foundation. I pity any and every brother who has but recently been converted, and within a year or two made a preacher!

Marrying Off the Girls.

It is singular to note the gravity and the dignity assumed by a young girl as soon as her elder sister is married and out of the way. A case of this kind is seen in a family that has been passing the Summer at Beach Bluff. The elder daughter, after considerable maneuvering, succeeded in winning the affections of a masculine heart, while her sister, who was by far the prettier and more interesting of the two, was kept in short dresses and doomed to wear her hair in "pig-tails," all "gentleman friends" being strictly prohibited. Now, however, all is changed, long dresses and attractive costumes are worn, she enters into society and has already learned the art of dainty coquetry, whereby at almost a glance she can determine a man's worth, his probable motives and his desirability as a husband should affairs take a serious turn. Such accomplishments in girls not out of their teens were unheard of a generation ago, but to-day they form a necessary part of a young lady's education. Verily the game of hearts is a singular as well as a dangerous game.

A Telephone Fraud.

Irate Customer—"Why can't you fellows be honest? That telephone you put in my store is a fraud. You said that words could be distinctly heard for twenty miles."

Telephone Man—"Well, they can."

"They can't, I say. They can't be heard five blocks."

"Oh, you are mistaken."

"But I am not. I yelled myself hoarse at a man last evening only five blocks away, and he could not hear a word I said. He said so."

"Queer, very queer; but, by the way, what was it you said to him?"

"I asked him when he would be around to square up his account."—*Philadelphia Call.*

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT WE INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase a small Island, containing 4 acres of land, in Shoal Bay, opposite Section 16.

HENRY BRACKMAN,
DAVID R. KEK.

North Saanich, B.C., Sept. 29th, 1884. oc1

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situate at Caprino Harbor, Quatsino Sound, and described as follows:—Commencing at the south-east corner of Section 7; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence along the coast line to the point of commencement.

JOHN J. RUSSELL.

Victoria, B.C., Sept. 3rd, 1884. se5

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situate at Bright Cove, and described as follows:—Commencing at a stake on the south shore of Quatsino Narrows; thence true south 40 chains; thence true west 40 chains; thence true north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore line; thence in an easterly direction along the shore line to the point of commencement.

JOHN J. RUSSELL.

Victoria, B.C., Sept. 3rd, 1884. se5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 160 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte group, described as follows:—From the N.E post of Lot 7, Group 1., 92.50 chains south to the S.E. post of Lot 7, Group 1.; thence east, 1800; thence north to the N.W. post of J. M. L. Alexander's pre-emption; thence westerly to the original starting point.

EGREMONT E. SHEARBURN.

9th October, 1884. oc18 2m

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND MAKING application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres (more or less) of pastoral land situated in the Osoyoos District and described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake near Johnson Creek, in the west side of Rock Creek, marked "H.N's N.W. corner;" thence running S.E. about 1½ miles; thence S.W. ½ mile; thence N.W. 1½ miles; thence N.E ½ mile, to point of commencement.

HENRY NICHOLSON.

Victele River, B.C., Aug. 28th, 1884. se24

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE BURNS MOUNtain Mining Company (Limited), having, under the provisions of sub-Section (a) of Section 68 of the "Mineral Act, 1884," filed with me an application for a Crown Grant of their three mineral claims situated on Burns Mountain, Cariboo District; adverse claimants (if any) are required to send in their objections to me within sixty days from the date hereo

Richfield, 6th September, 1884.

JNO. BOWRON,
Government Agent and G. C.

se14 1m

NOTICE.

DURING MY TEMPORARY ABSENCE FROM the country Mrs. Beaumont holds my Power of Attorney and will carry on my business.

WM. BEAUMONT.

Mapel Bay, Oct. 18th, 1884. oc19dw1t

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted in my name by any person or persons whatsoever.

MRS. D. A. COPELAND.

Victoria, 10th Oct., 1884. oc11 1m

That Old, Reliable Killer of Pain,

Whether Internal or External, Perry Davis' Pain Killer should have a place in every Factory, Machine Shop and Mill, on every Farm, and in every Household, ready for immediate use, not only for Accidents, Cuts, Bruises, etc., but for Bowel Complaints, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, sudden Colds, Chills, Neuralgia, etc., etc. Sold everywhere.

Price, 20c. 25c and 50c per Bottle.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. Limited
Wholesale Agents, Montreal.

LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSIT CO.

THE GREAT LAKE ROUTE

12 PALACE STEAMSHIPS

LEAVING DULUTH, MINN., EVERY WEEK day, (Friday excepted) via **LAKE SUPERIOR** south shore ports to **PORT HURON, MICH., DETROIT, MICH., CLEVELAND, OHIO, ERIE, PA.** and **BUFFALO, N. Y.**

Connections made at **PORT HURON, MICH.** with **GRAND TRUNK R'Y** for all Canadian points, and **CLEVELAND, ERIE** and **BUFFALO** with the **GRAND TRUNK LINE** for all Eastern Points. Vary a long tedious journey by taking the **RAIL** an **LAKE ROUTE.**

If your ticket agent cannot furnish the required ticket, purchase to **DULUTH,** and our agent at that port will furnish you a through ticket and check your baggage to destination.

C. G. FRANKLIN,
N. W. PASS. AGENT, ST. PAUL, MINN.
D. A. CHRISTY, AGENT, DULUTH, MINN.

je27w3m

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

YALE DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT HIS EXcellency in Council has been pleased to extend the time for the acceptance of applications for Licenses under the Liquor License Act, in Yale District 1st October next.

n July, 1884.

M. LUMBY,
First License Commissioner, Spallumcheen.

au2 2mw

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHAT SO MANY PEOPLE SAY THAT W. & J. WILSON'S

NEW STOCK OF

SUITS, OVERCOATS, UNDERCLOTHING

HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

— SURPASS FOR —

VARIETY AND CHEAPNESS

ANY YET SHOWN IN THE CITY.

Opposite the Postoffice. GOVERNMENT STREET.

se25 3m

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., LIMIT'D

Taking effect from July 4th Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—

EAST COAST ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.
Saanich					7 A. M.	
Cowichan	7 A. M.				7 A. M.	
Burgoyne Bay			7 A. M.			
Maple Bay	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Vesuvias Bay	7 A. M.				A. M.	
Chemainus	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Nanaimo	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Comox			7 A. M.			

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDA
Ladner's Landing	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
New Westminster	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Port Hammond	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Plumper Pass					7 A. M.	
Granville, Moody ville, Pt Moody					7 A. M.	

NOTE—Steamers leaving Victoria Mondays and Fridays connect at New Westminster for Hope and a way Landings.

Freight for Yale and Points in the Interior must be shipped via Port Hammond and Shippers are requested to mark weight on each package.

No freight will be received after 5 p.m.

For WRANGLE, SKEENA RIVER and Way Ports—Str Otter, Capt Meyer, will sail Nov. 8th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

my14tf JNO. IRVING, Manager.

THE KING TYE COMPANY.

EX BARK WILDWOOD, FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.

A Large Consignment of Goods on Exhibition consisting of

BLACK & GREEN TEAS FROM 2-OZ. PKGS TO 40-LB. BXS

FANCY SILK AND CRAPE GOODS.

Numerous varieties of Artificial Flowers, Fancy Lacquered Cabinet Work, Ladies' Genuine Ivory and Tortoise Shell Combs, Gilded China Tea Sets, Plates, Dishes, Jugs, Vases, Fishing Goods, Pagodas, Fret Work and thousands of other Fancy Articles too numerous to mention.

A LARGE LOT OF CHINESE FANCY MATTING.

CALL AND INSPECT OUR VARIED STOCK as we have unusual facilities compared to other Importers on the Pacific Coast.

THE KING TYE COMPANY, no2 CORMORANT ST., ABOVE STORE.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAILS.

A Large Eight-Page Publication,

CONTAINING ALL THE LATEST LOCAL AND FOREIGN NEWS.

THE COLONIST

Is now in its Twenty-Sixth Year of usefulness, and having secured the

EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO PUBLISH THE NEWS TELEGRAMS OF THE WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS,

Is enabled to place before its readers the Latest Intelligence

TWENTY-FOUR HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ANY OTHER PROVINCIAL PUBLICATION.

TERMS:

ONE YEAR	$3 00
SIX MONTHS	2 00
THREE MONTHS	1 00

(Always in Advance). Mailed, free of postage, to any part of Canada or Great Britain.

ADVERTISEMENTS—A limited number received at the rate of 10 cents per line, solid nonpareil. dw

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North American Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application to be published as follows:—

A notice inserted in the BRITISH COLUMBIA GAZETTE and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such a Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
se19tf Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

NOTICE.

Caution to Shipmasters and the Public in General.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES IT TO BE DIStinctly understood that he has no connection whatever with Mr. York in the Stevedore business carried on at Burrard Inlet.

oc16 1m WM. H. SOULE

TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPALITY OF THE CITY OF NEW Westminster are prepared to offer the sum of

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

($50,000) as a Bonus to any person or company that will build, maintain and run a Railway from the City of New Westminster to the Canadian Pacific Railway Terminus at Port Moody. Said offers to be sent in to this office on or before the last day of November, 1884.

By order, A. J ALPORT,
C.M.C

City Clerk's Office,
New Westminster, 9th Sept., 1884. se12 2m

G. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER,

COMMISSION AND REAL ESTATE AGENT AND BROKER.

AUCTION ROOMS—Corner of Fort and Langley streets. au24 1m

LAND REGISTRY ORDINANCE, 1870.

Victoria City Lot No. 22 and part of Lot No. 23, Block 77.

WHEREAS A CERTIFICATE OF TITLE IN the name of Charles Good, dated 13th October 1863, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made under the provisions of the Land Registry Ordinance, 1870, for a duplicate of such certificate.

Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Acting Registrar General.

Land Registry Office,
15th October, 1884. oc17 1m

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL ONLY accept COIN FOR RENT, as well as for the payments to be made to me.

LD. LOWENBERG.

INSURANCE.

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS - - - $31,000,000

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL PROPOSALS ACCEPTED BEFORE THE 15th November proximo

Will Rank for Two Years Full Bonus

At the next Division of Profits among Policy Holders to be made 15th Nov., 1885.

At the Division of Profits in 1880 upwards of $3,500,000 in Bonus Additions was made to existing assurances in the Standard.

REDUCED RATES of Premium for British Columbia.

Proposals received, Policies issued and Losses adjusted at the Victoria Branch.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Wharf St., Victoria

Agents and Secretaries to the Local Board of Directors.

oc16 1m

THE CITY OF LONDON

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND

CAPITAL - - - - - - - $10, 00,000

Losses Paid without reference to Home office.

Chairman—Sir Henry E. Knight.
L. C. Phillips, General Manager.

SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CON.

Assets, $27,000,000.

JOHN NICHOLLES,
Agent for British Columbia.

OFFICE:—Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express

fe19 1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE ROYAL.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE.

ASSETS - - $35,000 0

MARINE INSURANCE.

UNION, OF SAN FRANCISCO,

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF EDINBURGH.

ASSETS Upwards o - - - $30,000,000

Risks Accepted, Policies Issued and Losses Adjusted by

ROBERT WARD & CO.,

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
GENERAL AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Wharf St., Victoria, 1st Jan., ja1 1y

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OLD BROAD ST., AND 16 PALL MALL LONDON,

INSTITUTED, - - 1808.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER BUILings, Goods, Wards, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in port, Harbor or Dock and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by fire.

SUBSCRIBED AND INVESTED CAPITAL---ONE MILLION HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,

Agents for British Columbia and Washington Territory

mv10

FURNITURE.

JOHN WEILER,

FORT STREET,

HAS JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE best factories in the East several carloads of

WALNUT AND ASH

FURNITURE

Which for Workmanship and Design are unsurpassed in this province, consisting of

BEDROOM SUITES,

EXTENSION AND PARLOR TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, BOOKCASES, WRITING DESKS, ETC.

Also, several large invoices of CHAIRS of all kinds, from a Kitchen to a first class Parlor and Office Chair.

Also, REED CHAIRS and ROCKERS.

Further, a complete line of the Latest Styles of

WALLPAPER,

WITH ARTISTIC DECORATIONS.

Always on hand, the most extensive choice of

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

Platedware, Cutlery, Lamps and Chandeliers.

Further, CARPETS of all kinds, Cocoa and Hemp and Chinese Matting, Oilcloth and Linoleum.

Intending purchasers are cordially invited to visit my establishment, examine goods and compare prices before buying elsewhere and I am sure they will not regret it, as they will save money if they favor me with their custom.

A Liberal Discount on IMMEDIATE CASH PAYMENTS

ap18 JOHN WEILER.

FURNITURE

JACOB SEHL,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY CLASS OF FURNITURE

AT PRICES THAT WILL DEFY COMPETITION.

Bedroom, Parlor and Dining-room Suites

Of the latest styles, now on hand—the finest ever offered in Victoria.

ALSO—Received Ex PRINCE RUPERT and other recent arrivals,

CARPETS, LINOLEUM, OILCLOTH & MATTING, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, ETC.

ALSO—A Large Variety of CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at greatly reduced prices, to make room for my new Spring Stock now on the way direct from the Factory.

Intending purchasers are cordially invited to call and convince themselves.

mh15 J. SEHL, Government street.

NOTICE.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THURSDAY, THE 6TH November, having been appointed a day of General Thanksgiving, the County Court of Victoria will sit on FRIDAY, the 7th day of November, 1884, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, James Bay.

By order,

EDWIN A. LEIGH,
Registrar.

Dated 14th Oct., 1884. oc15

IN THE MATTER OF SOLOMON A. COPLAND DECEASED.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of the late Solomon A. Copland are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned, to whom, also, all accounts due by the deceased must be sent.

D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor to D. A. Copland, Administratrix.

Victoria, Sept. 11th, 1884. se12 2

MISCELLANEOUS.

CARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA B.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD SILVER AND U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST AND U. S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

SIGHT DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND CANADA.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON

Available in all parts of Europe, Englan Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal C of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO'

jv9 1y

LD. LOWENBERG,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR COR. OF BROUGHTON,

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO selling, purchasing and leasing property; to negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate Business.

Maps of all the different districts on the Island may be seen at this office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on the Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street, Farming or Gardening Land in every District, some of which affords rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage and in sums to suit the demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. de1

Weak Nervous Men

Whose **debility, exhaustion** and **premature decay** are caused by excesses, errors of youth, etc., are perfectly restored **to robust health and vigorous manhood** by **THE MARSTON BOLUS.** No stomach dragging. This treatment of **Nervous Debility** and **Physical Decay** is uniformly successful because based on perfect diagnosis, new and direct methods and absolute thoroughness. Sealed Treatise free.

MARSTON REMEDY CO., 75 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

BTY THE BEST QUALITY OF

Union India Rubber Co.'s

Pure Gum

CRACKPROOF

RUBBER BOOTS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

Be sure the Boots are stamped *CRACK PROOF* on the heels, and have the *PURE GUM SPRINGS* on the foot and instep, which prevent their cracking or breaking. We are now making them with RUBBER AND ASBESTOS Soles which will make them last more than twice as long as any Rubber Boots made

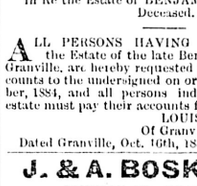
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, Etc.

GOODYEAR RUBBER COMP'Y

R. H. PEASE, Jr. } Agents.
S. M. RUNYON, }
au15dwlm San Francisco

VICTORIA MARBLE WORKS



MONUMENTS
TABLETS
TOMBS, MANTEL
FURNITURE WORK,
ETC., ETC., E

ALSO, FURNISH STONE FOR BUILDING PURPOSES.

DOUGLAS STREET, BET. CORMORANT AND FISGARD.

GEORGE RUDGE, PROPRIETOR.

All Orders promptly attended to and satisfactio guaranteed. no3dw3m

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between James Reid and Hibbard Hudson as merchants and traders, Quesnellemouth, B C., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due the late firm are to be paid to James Reid, by whom all liabilities will be settled.

(Signed) JAMES REID,
Witness— HIBBARD HUDSON.
W. A. JOHNSTON.

Quesnellemouth, 18th Sept., 1884. se28dw10t

USE DR. WILLEY'S DISCOVERY!

The Pure Oil of Herbs!

THE GREATEST MEDICINE AND LINIMENT in existence. Sure Cure for Catarrh, Pains, Aches, Colds and Coughs.

It gives new life, health and happiness to a who use it.

For sale by all drug stores on the Pacific Coast Langley & Co. are the wholesale agents for "The Discovery" and "Willey's Bitters." ap15

NOTICE.

In Re the Estate of BENJAMIN H. WILSON, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the Estate of the late Benjamin H. Wilson, of Granville, are hereby requested to send in their accounts to the undersigned on or before 20th November, 1884, and all persons indebted to the above estate must pay their accounts forthwith to

LOUISA WILSON,
Of Granville, the Executrix.

Dated Granville, Oct. 16th, 1884. oc19 1m

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,

JOHNSON ST., NEAR WHARF,

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FURS AND DEER SKINS.

a12 3m

VICTORIA HIDE DEPOT.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR.

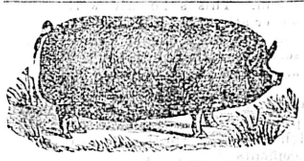
HIDES, SHEEP AND DEER SKINS

OFFICE REMOVED TO YATES STREET NEXT TO TOOP SON.

H. BORNSTEIN.

N. B.—Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments.

AGENT for Louis Shloss & Co., San Francisco. fy8



YORKSHIRE MARKET

YATES ST., bet. Broad and Government

JULIUS BARRAN,

PORK PACKER

And Sausage Maker.

HAS NOW ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT of his

ROYAL STANDARD HAMS AND CELEBRATED BREAKFAST BACON.

fe2

CHEMAINUS SAW MILL,

CHEMAINUS, B C.

CROFT & ANGUS

ARE NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY LUMBER of every description. Orders by mail promptly filled. Consulting Engineers. Sole Agents Garrett & Son's Engines and Agricultural Machinery, and A. Ransome & Co.'s Wood Working Machinery. fe7dw

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY DAVID W. HIGGINS, at his office, Government street, Victoria, B C.